

H N P D I S C U S S I O N P A P E R Economics of Tobacco Control Paper No. 6

Past, Current and Future Trends in Tobacco Use

G. Emmanuel Guindon and David Boisclair



PAST, CURRENT AND FUTURE TRENDS IN TOBACCO USE

G. EMMANUEL GUINDON AND DAVID BOISCLAIR

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Health, Nutrition and Population (HNP) Discussion Paper ECONOMICS OF TOBACCO CONTROL PAPER NO. 6 PAST, CURRENT AND FUTURE TRENDS IN TOBACCO USE

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Paper prepared for the World Health Organization's Tobacco Free Initiative

Abstract: This paper first estimates the number of tobacco users in 2000 and cigarette consumption from 1970 to 2000 by regions and levels of development and briefly discusses the advantages and disadvantages of estimating tobacco use on the basis of prevalence surveys or aggregate data. Secondly, prevalence (and its associated number of smokers) and cigarette consumption (total and per capita) are projected in the future using several scenarios of changes in tobacco use (prevalence and cigarette consumption), as well as different assumptions about population and income growth. The results show that even if all countries immediately implement a comprehensive set of tobacco control policies, the reduction in the number of tobacco users and the total consumption of cigarettes will be gradual. This should give comfort to farmers and others who fear the impact of tobacco control on their livelihoods. It is however, discouraging news for public health, since it implies that the number of tobacco-attributable deaths will continue to rise for decades to come.

Keywords: tobacco, cigarette; consumption; trends; economics of tobacco; economics of tobacco control; smoking; tobacco policy; demand for cigarettes.

Disclaimer: The findings, interpretations and conclusions expressed in the paper are entirely those of the authors, and do not represent the views of the World Bank or the World Health Organization, their Executive Directors, or the countries they represent.

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FOREWORD

In 1999, the World Bank published "Curbing the Epidemic: governments and the economics of tobacco control", which summarizes the trends in global tobacco use and the resulting immense and growing burden of disease and premature death. By 1999, there were already 4 million deaths from tobacco each year. This number is projected to grow to 10 million per year by 2030, given present trends in tobacco consumption. Already about half of these deaths are in high-income countries, but recent and continued increases in tobacco use in the developing world is causing the tobacco-related burden to shift increasingly to low- and middle-income countries. By 2030, seven of every ten tobacco-attributable deaths will be in developing countries. "Curbing the Epidemic" also summarizes the evidence on the policies and interventions that have proved to be effective and cost-effective in reducing tobacco use in countries around the world.

Raising taxes to increase the price of tobacco products is the most effective way to reduce tobacco use, and the single most cost-effective intervention. It is also the most effective way to persuade young people to quit or not take up smoking. This is because young people, like others with low incomes, tend to be highly sensitive to price increases.

Why are these proven cost effective tobacco control measures not adopted or implemented more strongly by governments? Many governments hesitate to act decisively to reduce tobacco use because they fear that tax increases and other tobacco control measures might harm the economy by reducing the economic benefits their country gains from growing, processing, manufacturing, exporting and taxing tobacco. The argument that tobacco contributes revenues, jobs and incomes is a formidable barrier to tobacco control in many countries. Are these fears supported by the facts?

In fact, these fears turn out to be largely unfounded when the data and evidence on the economics of tobacco and tobacco control are examined. A team of about 30 internationally recognized experts in economics, epidemiology and other relevant disciplines who contributed to the analysis presented in "Curbing the Epidemic" reviewed a large body of existing evidence. The team concluded that in most countries tobacco control would not lead to a net loss of jobs and could, in many circumstances actually generate new jobs. Tax increases would increase (not decrease) total tax revenues, even if cigarette smuggling increased to some extent. Furthermore, the evidence shows that cigarette smuggling is caused at least as much by general corruption as by high tobacco product tax and price differentials. The team recommended that governments not forego the benefits of tobacco tax increases because they feared the possible impact on smuggling. Rather, they should act to deter, detect and punish smuggling.

Much of the evidence presented and summarized in "Curbing the Epidemic" was from high-income countries. However, the main battleground against tobacco use is now in low- and middle-income countries. If needless disease and millions of premature deaths are to be prevented, then it is crucial that developing counties raise tobacco taxes,

introduce comprehensive bans on advertising and promotion of tobacco products, ban smoking in public places, inform their citizens about the harm that tobacco causes and the benefits of quitting, and provide advice and support to help people quit.

In talking to policy-makers in developing countries, it became clear there was a great need for country-specific analytic work to provide a basis for policy making within a sound economic framework. The World Bank and WHO's Tobacco Free Initiative (as well as several other organizations, acting in partnership or independently) began to commission and support analysis of the economics of tobacco and tobacco control in many countries around the world.

The report presented in this paper makes a valuable contribution to our understanding of the issues and likely economic impact of tobacco control. Our hope is that the information, analysis and recommendations contained herein will prove helpful to policy makers and result in stronger policies to reduce the unnecessary harm caused by tobacco use.

Joy de Beyer

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INTRODUCTION

There is little debate surrounding the health hazards associated with the use of tobacco products. Evidence implicating tobacco as a potential health hazard emerged in the early 1950s (Doll and Hill 1954, 1956; Wynder and Graham 1950). There are now more than 70,000 scientific articles that link smoking with a pervasive range of health problems (USDHHS 1994). Recent epidemiological studies performed in China summarize the magnitude of the tobacco epidemic. If current smoking patterns persist, about 100 million of the 300 million Chinese males now aged 0-29 will die as a result of tobacco use (Liu et al. 1998). Currently, an estimated 4.9 million deaths per year are caused by tobacco. Without further action, it is predicted that in 2020 the mortality burden attributable to tobacco will nearly double (WHO 2002).

However, there are signs of hope: effective policies and interventions exist that can make a difference. The World Health Organization recently examined the cost-effectiveness of various tobacco control interventions for population health through the impact of reduced tobacco use on the incidence of cardiovascular disease, respiratory disease and various forms of cancer (WHO 2002). The combination of higher tobacco prices through taxation, comprehensive bans on advertising and promotion and information campaigns in the form of package and labelling measures or counter-advertising was found to be affordable and cost-effective in the majority of subregions examined. Including smoking restrictions in public places resulted in even greater improvements in health, albeit at a higher cost. These results tally with an influential World Bank report that examined the effectiveness of an array of interventions and concluded that both price (taxes) and non-price (advertising bans, information campaigns, smoking restrictions, etc.) measures can reduce the demand for cigarettes (World Bank 1999).

Despite the increasing evidence that tobacco use kills, many governments still fail to act because of fears that tobacco control interventions might hurt their country's economic development. The World Bank examined concerns such as loss of employment, tax revenues and export earnings and concluded that tobacco control policies could bring unprecedented health benefits without harming economies. This paper will attempt to show that even if all countries immediately implement a comprehensive set of tobacco control policies, the reduction in the number of tobacco users and the total consumption of cigarettes will be gradual at best. To this end, this paper first estimates the number of tobacco users in 2000 as well as cigarette consumption from 1970 to 2000 by WHO regions and levels of development. The paper briefly discusses the advantages and disadvantages of estimating tobacco use on the basis of prevalence surveys or aggregate data. Secondly, prevalence (and its associated number of smokers) and cigarette consumption (total and per capita) are projected in the future using several scenarios of changes in tobacco use (prevalence and cigarette consumption), population increases and changes in income levels.

SOURCES AND METHODS

Estimating tobacco use

Estimates of consumption and prevalence of use of tobacco products can originate from various types of data. First, they can be based on (self-reported) tobacco use prevalence surveys. Prevalence surveys provide information on the proportion of tobacco users in a given population. Prevalence data combined with tobacco use intensity data can also yield total consumption estimates. Secondly, consumption can be derived from aggregate production and trade statistics. Production plus imports minus exports will yield 'apparent' consumption estimates. Thirdly, consumption can also be estimated from national cigarette sales data based on tax records.

Prevalence surveys can provide important insights into patterns of – and changes in – consumption according to gender, age, income and education (Warner 1977). They also allow distinguishing between a change in the *number of smokers* and changes in *consumption per smoker* (Warner 1977). On the other hand, consumption data (the number of cigarettes consumed) based on surveys suffer from significant underreporting (Hatziandreu et al. 1989; Jackson and Beaglehole 1985). Moreover, it has been argued that increased awareness of the health consequences associated with tobacco use and the increased social undesirability of tobacco use may lead to higher underreporting of cigarette consumption, making trend data less reliable (Warner 1978). Another potential inconvenience is the infrequent unavailability of trend data. The subjective nature of surveys and differences in survey methodology (questions, definitions, languages, etc.) also make comparison of estimates across countries difficult.

Aggregate production and trade statistics are objective data that eliminate the underreporting problem inherent in data based on subjective survey responses (Warner 1977). These data are also readily available across time and countries. This feature, as well as the availability of centralized data sources using common methodologies, allows for good comparability. However, most of these large-scale tobacco statistics are only available for manufactured cigarettes. Although about 80 percent of all tobacco consumed in the world is in the form of cigarettes (Chapman and Lazarus 1992), other forms of tobacco use are significant in some countries such as India and Norway (Chapman 1992).

The major problem with aggregate data is perhaps that, unlike prevalence survey-based data, they cannot be used for analysing changes in gender, age, income and education distribution and they do not permit a distinction between a change in the number of smokers and changes in consumption per smoker (Warner 1977). Other important problems include illicit trade in cigarettes, which may lead to under- or over-estimating consumption of tobacco products (WHO 1998)¹, as well as the question of measurement

¹ 'Apparent' consumption will under-estimate true consumption in countries where tobacco products are

^{&#}x27;Apparent' consumption will under-estimate true consumption in countries where tobacco products are illegally imported and consumed while it will over-estimate true consumption where tobacco products are illegally exported to another country.

units yielding diverging trends² and biased point estimates³. Production data can be used at the global level as a proxy for world consumption. Production data will be a poor proxy for consumption in most countries, but as world exports must equal world imports, aggregating cigarette production for all countries would do away with the problems associated with smuggling and attenuate the problems associated with measurement units. Unfortunately, because of unequal data availability through time, adding all production data points in a particular year can lead to severe underestimation.

The problem of stockpiling may also emerge, as not all cigarettes will be consumed in the year they are produced or imported. If this stockpiling is significant it may bias consumption estimates. However, stockpiling is unlikely to affect trends since it is not likely to vary from year to year – although tobacco companies have been known to time cigarette stockpiling against health measures so that they appear less effective (WHO 1998). Finally, transient populations will affect aggregate trade and production statistics to a varying degree: 'apparent' consumption will over-estimate true consumption in countries with large transient populations (for example tourists or military) and small indigenous populations such as Malta and the Maldives.

Sales data based on tax records are also aggregate data and hence present the same general advantages and disadvantages as those described for production and trade statistics. It should be noted, however, that sales data are not as readily available across countries and are not available in centralized databases. On the other hand, they do not suffer from the limitations associated with measuring and reporting units or stockpiling. They also present the advantage (unlike estimates obtained from trade and production statistics) of yielding consumption estimates that exclude duty-free sales⁴, most of which are to non-residents and are not consumed in the country.

Computing consumption

Due mainly to data availability issues, and bearing in mind the important advantages and disadvantages presented above, the next section presents cigarette consumption figures calculated using production, import and export statistics found in various databases and

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² Trade and production data can be reported in weight or in physical units. In countries where cigarette weights have not remained constant over time, cigarette consumption expressed in units and in weight can show diverging trends. For example, Australian cigarettes became progressively lighter in the late 1980s. When expressed in grams per capita, cigarette consumption in Australia fell by 4.9 percent between 1986 and 1990 while it increased by 5 percent when expressed in units (Chapman 1992).

³ Trade and production statistics for an individual country can also be reported in different units. For example, manufactured cigarette imports and exports are often reported in metric tons while production is expressed in units. When this is the case, it can be assumed in the calculations that one cigarette weighs one gram. But this assumption may not hold and thus bias consumption estimates. The direction of the bias will depend on two factors: (1) the true 'conversion factor', and (2) the respective size of imports and exports. For example if, in a country where production statistics are expressed in units while trade statistics are expressed in metric tons one cigarette weighs 0.8 gram, assuming that one gram of cigarette equals one cigarette will over-estimate true consumption if the country is a net importer of cigarettes, and underestimate it if the country is a net exporter.

⁴ Sales statistics are typically based on tax receipts.

publications. The best source for each country's indicators is selected according to the following process. Production and trade data from these trade and production data sources are compared and contrasted: ERC Statistics International, FAOStat Statistical databases, Official Statistics of the countries of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS), United Nations Industrial Commodity Production Statistics Database, Commodity Trade Statistics Data Base (COMTRADE), and United States Department of Agriculture databases (USDA). Where they are available, data from national sources are also considered. When the data are identical or very similar, the most complete source (the one with the most data points) is used. On some occasions similar data from different sources have been merged to expand data coverage.

When data from any of the sources conflict with another, they are compared and contrasted with data reported in *Tobacco or Health: A Global Status Report*, the Pan American Health Organization's *Tobacco or Health: Status in the Americas*, Market Tracking International, OECD Health Data 2000, and the International Tobacco Guide. If no consensus emerges, the data are not reported. On rare occasions, cigarette consumption calculations may yield unrealistic estimates (for instance, negative consumption numbers). These estimates are also not reported. For the purposes of the calculations, when cigarette production and trade are expressed in weight, one gramme in weight is converted to one cigarette stick, with the results presented above.

United Nations databases use international classifications (albeit different ones) to group commodities. The following commodity codes are used to identify the relevant data: United Nations Industrial Commodity Production Statistics Database. International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (Revision 2): Code 3140-07. United Nations Statistics Division. Commodity Trade Statistics Data Base (COMTRADE); Standard International Trade Classification (Revision 2): Code 1222. FAO Cigarettes (includes cigarettes of tobacco substitutes): Code 0828.

The formula used for computing consumption is the following:

Total cigarette consumption = Production + Imports - Exports

Regional and global estimates of past cigarette consumption are derived assuming that countries for which data are unavailable for a particular year or number of years experience a pattern of consumption equal to that of the region and the world over that period.

Population adjustments

Total cigarette consumption can be useful to gauge the size of a tobacco market, but it does not allow for comparison across time and across countries. To achieve the latter, total cigarette consumption or sales can be weighted by population in order to provide an indicator of individual consumption, usually by dividing total cigarette consumption by the population aged 15 years and above. The age group 0-14 is normally omitted because of its limited contribution to tobacco use (Chapman 1992). However, differences between

countries in demographic distribution and tobacco use prevalence in the 10-20 age group can be significant and diminish comparability. In the present case the formula used to obtain per capita consumption figures is simply:

Per capita cigarette consumption = (Production + Imports - Exports) / (Population 15+)

where the population figures are taken from the United Nations Population Division. This formula is applied to observations where consumption *and* population data are available, and then weighted to obtain the group estimates presented below.

Computing prevalence

In order to obtain prevalence figures, 131 male and 131 female prevalence estimates taken from the American Cancer Society prevalence database, the WHO EURO tobacco control database and the WHO EMRO country profiles on tobacco control and covering about 95 percent of the world's population were used to produce regional estimates.⁵

These regional estimates of smoking prevalence are derived under the assumption that all studies report current daily and occasional smoking among persons aged 15 years and older, and that they reflect the smoking status of the populations in 2000. The gender-specific prevalence estimates for each country are weighted by the size of the male and female populations aged 15 years and above. The values are averaged so as to obtain weighted adult prevalence estimates by geographical or economic regions. Each of these is assumed to apply to the entire grouping. The number of smokers in each group is estimated by multiplying the adult prevalence by the total population aged 15 years and above.

Scenario analyses

Prevalence (and its associated number of smokers) and cigarette consumption (total and per capita) are projected in the future using several scenarios of changes in tobacco use (prevalence and consumption), population increases and changes in income levels. The starting point for these projections is the year 2000.

Prevalence and cigarette consumption

Many jurisdictions of all development levels and geographical locations have implemented comprehensive tobacco control policies, some of them with great success. It is assumed here that *all* countries and areas implement effective and comprehensive tobacco control programmes starting in 2000, and achieve results similar to those obtained by the following countries or states, which have been among the most successful in this regard.

⁵ For more information on the methodology used by the American Cancer Society, please see Corrao et al. 2000a and Corrao et al. 2000b.

United States

tobacco control experiences over the past decade. Bitton et al. (2001), using data from state and federal sources, estimate the average rate of decline in prevalence in the four states. The authors find that on average the four programmes produced a rate of decline in adult prevalence of 1 percent a year over their duration. With respect to annual per capita cigarette consumption, California experienced dramatic declines The US States of California, Massachusetts, Arizona and Oregon have had highly successful (60%) between 1988 and 2001, while consumption decreased by 34 percent in the whole of the United States (including California). In other words, since 1988 per capita cigarette consumption in California has been declining at an average annual rate of about 6.7 percent (3.2 percent in the United States) (California Department of Health Services 2002).

South Africa

Within a relatively short period of time the South African government enacted one of the most comprehensive packages of tobacco control policies. This included large tax increases, tobacco advertising and sponsorship bans, a ban on smoking in all public places (including workplaces) and a ban on the sale of tobacco to minors. Between 1991 and 2001, total per capita cigarette consumption fell by more than 40 percent. Per capita cigarette consumption fell 11 years in a row at an average annual rate of 5.7 percent. Similarly, smoking rates have fallen in all age groups. Adult prevalence has decreased at an average annual rate of around 1.8 percent, from 33 percent in the early 1990s to 27 percent in 2001 (Van Walbeek, forthcoming).

Thailand

In 1992, partly as a response to the multinationals entering the market, the Thai government enacted some of the strictest tobacco control policies around. As a result, smoking prevalence among males and females fell from 46.6 and 3.8 percent in 1991 to 38.4 and 2.4 percent respectively in 1999. On average, total prevalence fell by about 3 percent per year (Vateesatokit et al. 2000). During the same period per capita cigarette consumption fell by close to 25 percent, or about 2.9 percent per year.

In order to examine the potential impact of implementing comprehensive tobacco control programmes on future numbers of tobacco users and consumption of tobacco products, three scenarios are retained for both variables. The first scenario is that of constant prevalence rates or consumption patterns, which is also the "baseline" scenario. The other two scenarios reflect different degrees of optimism, given the results obtained by the countries presented above. The three scenarios are thus the following:

Prevalence: no change, -1.0 percent per year, and -3.0 percent per year. Per capita consumption: no change, -3.0 percent per year, and -6.0 percent per year.

Population

The low, medium and high variants of projected population from the United Nations World Population Prospects (2000 Revision) are used to project the number of smokers as well as total cigarette consumption to 2010 and 2025. The medium variant is used as the baseline. We report these two years mainly because of 1) the relative proximity of 2010, which nevertheless allows some of the cumulated reduction effect to kick in; and 2) the period up until 2025 is likely to be of greatest interest to the current generation of tobacco workers and growers, because by 2025 a large proportion of them will no longer be involved in the tobacco sector because of death or retirement. We then multiply these population projections by our own projections of per capita consumption and prevalence rates.

Income

It is generally accepted that world income (GDP) per capita will continue to grow over the next decades. This might affect tobacco use and consumption insofar as these variables have an income elasticity different from zero, which is certainly the case, as argued below.

The world real GDP has been growing at an average annual rate of more than 3 percent over the past 30 years (IMF 2002). When looking at real GDP per capita however, the average for the period 1970-2001 was about one percentage point lower due to population growth. Since the two exhibit a similarly upward trend, it does not seem unreasonable to assume that the latter will grow at an average annual rate of 2 percent in the next two decades, the IMF itself predicting the trend to be above 3 percent by 2007. In particular, the latest detailed projections of *total* GDP growth published by the IMF stood, for 2003, at 2.5 percent for the industrialized world and 5.2 percent for developing countries. Thus, as our baseline we retain the conservative assumption of an average annual growth rate of the real GDP per capita of 2 percent. This assumption is applied evenly to the regional and development groupings. To test the sensitivity of this assumption, we also use an average annual growth rate of the real GDP per capita of 5 percent.

Because aggregate data are used here, only the income elasticity of total cigarette consumption should be of interest to determine the final impact that the above changes in income will have on cigarette consumption. The hypothesis we make here will be crucial to determine the impact of a change in income on tobacco consumption, since it is the income elasticity that describes the link between a change in income and a change in consumption. This income elasticity will thus be combined with the assumption on the evolution of per capita income to predict the future number of smokers and total cigarette consumption.

As Gallet and List report, estimates of income elasticity of cigarette demand vary widely, ranging from -0.80 to 3.03 in their meta-analysis (Gallet and List forthcoming). The 86 articles they review find a mean income elasticity of 0.42 from a total of 375 different estimates, the vast majority of which were obtained at country level. In a brief review of

the literature pertaining to developing countries, as defined by the classification used by the United Nations, WHO finds estimates ranging from 0.11 to 2.00. The review of 19 articles from 15 countries yields an average income elasticity of approximately 0.69 (WHO, forthcoming). In any case, income elasticity of cigarette demand is clearly different from zero.

Thus it seems reasonable to assume, as our baseline, a conservative income elasticity of per capita cigarette demand of 0.3 throughout the projection period, translating the 2 percent income growth into a 0.6 percent annual growth in per capita consumption. Awareness of the dangers of tobacco use may well rise over time as a result of the comprehensive programmes assumed to be implemented in our different scenarios, but we work under the assumption that this income elasticity of 0.3 will be the mean elasticity over the period. We also use an income elasticity of 0.75 to test the sensitivity of our assumption.

A further assumption we need to make for the prevalence analysis is on the portion of the income elasticity that comes from a change in the *number of smokers* (participation income elasticity), as opposed to a change in the *consumption of existing smokers* (consumption income elasticity). A participation elasticity of 0.15 which translates into an income effect of 0.3 percent of annual growth in prevalence is assumed.

One should note that the assumptions on the evolution and effect of income are made independently from the ones on the evolution of prevalence and per capita consumption, even though they will evidently affect these two variables, as just described. That is to say, we first assume that, for instance, prevalence will decrease by 1.0 percent per year *ceteris paribus* – all other things being equal (including income). *Then* we add an income effect derived from a 2 percent annual growth in GDP per capita, which translates in a 0.3 percent increase in prevalence. Thus we assume that the 1.0 percent annual decrease in prevalence we use is the "real" effect of the tobacco control programmes implemented, i.e. it is net of income effects. This means that our assumptions are even more conservative, because in our analysis the income effect pulls prevalence (and per capita consumption) in the direction opposite to the tobacco control scenarios, whereas the "real situations" described above as justifications for the latter already included this small counter-effect – and the reby under-estimate the total effect of the policies alone.

RESULTS: PAST, CURRENT AND FUTURE TRENDS IN TOBACCO USE⁶

Cigarette consumption

Tables 1 and 2 show per capita and total cigarette consumption by WHO regions and levels of development. As Table 1 shows, the world per capita consumption of cigarettes increased until the middle of the 1980s and has remained fairly stable since the mid-1990s, after a slight decrease. Per capita cigarette consumption peaked in 1986 at 1590 pieces and then decreased at an average rate of about 1.2 percent per year. However Table 2 indicates that – due mainly to population growth – the world total cigarette consumption has continued to increase over the past 30 years after a short slowdown and a light dip in the early 1990s. In the interest of transparency, Appendix A, B and C present cigarette production, imports and exports by country for the years 1970, 1980, 1990 and 1995 to 2000. Appendix D presents the source of each individual country data point. Appendix E and F present total and per capita cigarette consumption trends by country.

It is clear from Table 1 that the WHO regions with the highest per capita cigarette consumption are Europe and the Western Pacific. The latter switched position with the Americas over the past three decades, most likely around the late 1980s. The Eastern Mediterranean and Africa, with rather poor and very poor data availability respectively, seem to have experienced a sizeable drop in the late 1980s and early 1990s, followed by a slight increase and relative stability thereafter⁸. The situation in South-East Asia, where a large proportion of the population is known to use smokeless tobacco, has deteriorated in phases since the 1970s with regard to cigarettes.

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 $^{^6}$ The estimates of prevalence and consumption in this section are not, and should not be considered "official" WHO or World Bank data.

⁷ It is important to note that there is no established convention for the designation of "developed" and "developing" countries or areas in the United Nations system. In this paper, Japan, Canada, the United States, Australia, New Zealand and Western Europe are considered "developed" while "countries in transition from centrally planned to market economies" are labeled "transition". All other countries fall into the "developing" category.

⁸ The situation of Africa, in particular, should be interpreted cautiously in light of the very limited data available.

Table 1: Per capita cigarette consumption, 1970-2000, by WHO regions and levels of development

	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
WHO Regions											
African region	593	677	712	716	534	421	484	480	557	570	595
Pop. Covered	51.8%	52.6%	50.5%	48.4%	64.1%	67.4%	49.9%	45.1%	33.3%	29.0%	25.6%
Nb. of countries	17	20	20	19	17	17	15	14	10	8	7
Region of the Americas	2,613	2,700	2,561	2,270	1,884	1,582	1,554	1,518	1,454	1,402	1,408
Pop. Covered	92.2%	90.5%	93.4%	92.0%	92.7%	94.5%	91.9%	89.5%	90.5%	91.0%	86.9%
Nb. of countries	21	19	21	20	19	19	17	13	14	15	12
Eastern Mediterranean region	747	931	1,088	1,138	811	836	855	866	899	884	878
Pop. Covered	64.9%	71.4%	73.3%	66.3%	76.0%	75.4%	75.3%	74.3%	56.3%	56.2%	56.1%
Nb. of countries	7	8	9	7	9	9	9	8	6	6	6
European region	2,272	2,421	2,363	2,347	2,144	2,116	1,948	1,952	2,030	2,063	2,058
Pop. Covered	96.4%	96.9%	92.4%	96.9%	96.9%	69.9%	95.1%	94.6%	92.2%	86.0%	85.9%
Nb. of countries	25	26	25	25	25	30	36	35	35	35	35
South-East Asia region	285	296	351	348	322	357	369	374	369	361	355
Pop. Covered	94.9%	94.9%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.0%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%	95.1%	95.2%
Nb. of countries	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Western-Pacific region	1,150	1,301	1,569	1,822	2,081	1,979	1,955	1,935	1,906	1,891	1,897
Pop. Covered	95.2%	95.2%	95.3%	95.1%	94.6%	98.2%	98.1%	98.1%	98.1%	98.0%	93.9%
Nb. of countries	10	10	10	9	8	9	9	9	9	9	8
Levels of development											
Developed	2,811	3,021	2,991	2,762	2,484	2,363	2,298	2,254	2,220	2,188	2,148
Pop. Covered	99.4%	99.9%	95.3%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%	99.9%
Nb. of countries	22	23	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Developing	712	792	960	1,091	1,147	1,081	1,086	1,074	1,076	1,047	1,041
Pop. Covered	87.0%	87.3%	87.9%	86.8%	89.0%	91.0%	88.6%	87.3%	84.5%	82.6%	79.8%
Nb. of countries	58	60	63	58	56	57	53	46	41	39	34
Transition	2,300	2,414	2,390	2,403	2,099	2,082	1,851	1,929	2,087	2,168	2,154
Pop. Covered	93.6%	93.6%	93.7%	93.6%	93.5%	35.6%	89.6%	89.8%	84.7%	85.5%	85.5%
Nb. of countries	6	6	6	6	6	11	17	17	17	18	18
World	1,410	1,498	1,548	1,575	1,497	1,366	1,376	1,366	1,373	1,355	1,346
Pop. Covered	90.4%	90.6%	89.9%	89.8%	91.3%	87.9%	90.5%	89.5%	87.0%	85.6%	83.4%
Nb. of countries	86	89	91	86	84	90	92	85	80	79	74

Sources: See Appendices A, B, C, D, E and F.

Despite the fact that per capita consumption remains much higher in the developed world than in developing countries, the trends indicate that the situation in the latter is much worse today than it was 20 or 30 years ago, while the former experienced a continued decline since the 1975 peak. It thus seems fallacious to pretend that tobacco use is a "developed world problem", all the more so because the population of developing countries as a whole is increasing at a much faster pace. Table 2 reflects this reality. It shows that total cigarette consumption has been increasing rapidly in this group as well as in the countries in transition over the past few years, while it has been massively decreasing in the group of developed countries over the past 20 years.

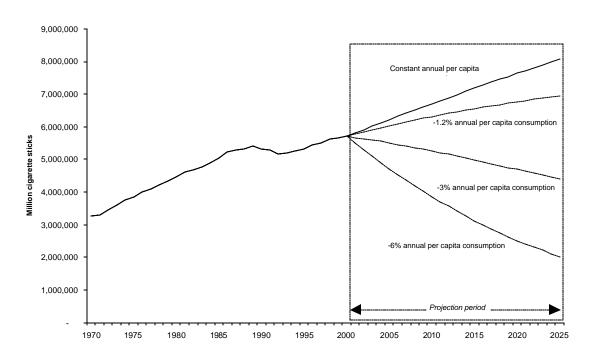
Table 2: Total cigarette consumption, 1970-2000, by WHO regions and levels of development (million sticks)

	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000
WHO regions							
African region	91,232	118,237	142,351	165,782	143,670	131,181	212,788
Region of the Americas	859,470	998,786	1,062,204	1,039,338	944,886	868,425	845,337
Eastern Mediterranean region	89,952	128,347	175,647	214,387	176,720	208,379	255,519
European region	1,225,941	1,386,955	1,428,740	1,479,376	1,407,677	1,437,932	1,442,862
South-East Asia region	141,345	166,335	223,919	252,155	263,513	327,672	363,787
Western Pacific region	771,961	977,672	1,339,491	1,780,948	2,270,555	2,326,746	2,392,557
Levels of development							
Developed	1,462,484	1,671,140	1,755,758	1,705,064	1,604,389	1,588,411	1,496,606
Developing	1,093,936	1,381,203	1,917,390	2,503,841	2,982,487	3,126,193	3,344,068
Transition	580,797	656,639	687,635	715,036	647,541	659,302	703,195
World	3,261,565	3,853,906	4,452,619	5,060,363	5,328,264	5,308,016	5,710,889

Sources: See Appendices A, B, C, D, E and F.

Figure 1 presents different scenarios for the future evolution of cigarette consumption, assuming a 2% annual income increase, 0.3 income elasticity and medium variant population projection. The scenarios described above are first applied to the per capit a consumption rates, which are then multiplied by the medium variant of the United Nations Population Division's latest projections. It is clear from Figure 1 that the most probable scenario is that of constant per capita cigarette consumption if one uses the past 30 years as a predictor of future trends. A 3 percent annual decrease in per capita cigarette consumption seems very optimistic but perhaps not impossible while a 6 percent annual reduction implies quite a dramatic break in the time series.

Figure 1: Total cigarette consumption, 1970-2000, per capita consumption scenarios (2% annual income increase, medium variant population projection)



Souce: Authors' projections

As Figure 1 suggests, total consumption would only decline if we assume a reduction in per capita consumption. With an unchanged situation in that regard, using today's rate we see a sharp increase in world total cigarette consumption. However it is interesting to note that even with a hard-to-attain reduction of 3% per year of per capita consumption everywhere in the world and starting in 2000, total consumption would be in 2025 – more than 20 years from now – just below the 1985 level. This illustrates the gradual nature of changes in tobacco consumption and of ensuing modifications in the economy.

Figure 2 presents two scenarios of future total cigarette consumption, by levels of human development⁹, assuming a 2% annual income increase and a medium variant population projection. Trends between 1970 and 2000 clearly show the different rates of growth in cigarette consumption. Total cigarette consumption has steadily increased in countries of medium human development while consumption has steadily decreased in countries of high human development. Consumption in countries at a low level of human development was fairly stable in the 1970s and 1980s but increased quite significantly in the 1990s. Figure 2 clearly shows that a 3 percent annual decrease in per capita cigarette consumption is not an impossibility for high human development countries. However, a 3 percent annual decrease for low and medium human development countries would imply a dramatic change.

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⁹ Levels of human development are defined using the UNDP's Human Development Index (HDI).

500 450 400 350 300 250 Medium Human Development 200 150 Low Human Development 100 High Human Development -3% annual per capita consumption 50

1995

2000

2005

2010

2015

2020

2025

Figure 2: Total cigarette consumption, 1970-2025, by levels of human development (2% annual income increase, medium variant population projection)

1970 Source: Authors' projections

Prevalence of tobacco use

1975

1980

1985

1990

Table 3 presents tobacco use prevalence and the number of adult smokers by WHO regions and levels of development for the year 2000. Men were almost five times as likely to use tobacco as women, yet more than 18 percent of females were smokers in the Americas and in the European region. These estimates clearly show that most tobacco users reside in developing countries. Out of the 1.22 billion tobacco users, more than 1 billion lived in developing countries or in transitional economies. When presented by human development category, most tobacco users reside in countries that have reached a 'medium' level of human development. A quick extrapolation to the year 2003 indicates that there are about 1.3 billion smokers today.

Table 3: Tobacco use prevalence and number of smokers, 2000 by WHO regions and levels of development (% of the population aged 15 years and older and thousand smokers)

		<u>Prevalence</u>		<u>Numbe</u>	er of tobacco u	<u>sers</u>
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
WHO Regions						
African region	0.294	0.074	0.184	51,967	13,420	65,387
Pop. Covered	69.1%	67.5%	68.3%			
Nb. of countries	19	19				
Region of the Americas	0.320	0.209	0.263	94,035	64,072	158,107
Pop. Covered	95.1%	95.0%	95.0%			
Nb. of countries	24	24				
Eastem Mediterranean region	0.353	0.061	0.210	52,543	8,670	61,213
Pop. Covered	93.0%	93.0%	93.0%			
Nb. of countries	19	19				
European region	0.449	0.187	0.312	150,628	68,545	219,173
Pop. Covered	97.5%	97.6%	97.6%			
Nb. of countries	44	44				
South-East Asia region	0.481	0.053	0.273	251,699	26,484	278,183
Pop. Covered	98.3%	96.9%	97.6%			
Nb. of countries	7	6				
Western-Pacific region	0.612	0.057	0.338	390,362	35,784	426,146
Pop. Covered	99.9%	100.0%	99.9%			
Nb. of countries	18	19				
Levels of development						
Developed	0.339	0.212	0.274	114,783	75,891	190,673
Pop. Covered	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			
Nb. of countries	24	24				
Developing	0.498	0.072	0.289	809,725	114,718	924,443
Pop. covered	94.5%	93.7%	94.1%		, -	- ,
Nb. of countries	84	84				
Transition	0.541	0.139	0.327	82,837	24,153	106,989
Pop. covered	94.6%	95.0%	94.8%	,,,,	,	
Nb. of countries	23	23				
Human development						
High	0.356	0.203	0.278	149,073	89,442	238,515
Pop. covered	96.9%	96.8%	96.8%	-,-	,	,-
Nb. of countries	46	46				
Medium	0.524	0.077	0.302	747,951	108,326	856,277
Pop. covered	99.1%	98.6%	98.9%	•	,	,
Nb. of countries	63	63	55.575			
Low	0.367	0.067	0.219	87,057	15,865	102,922
Pop. covered	79.7%	77.9%	78.8%	,	-,	,-
Nb. of countries	18	18	/-			
World	0.475	0.103	0.289	1,005,927	217,755	1,223,682
Pop. covered	95.3%	94.8%	95.0%	, , ,	- ,	,,
Nb. of countries	131	131				

Source: Authors' estimates using data from ACS 2003, WHO EMRO 2002 and WHO EURO 2003

Table 4: number of smokers: tobacco use prevalence scenarios (+2% income, medium population variant; thousands)

-1% annual prevalence		2010			2020			2025	
<u> </u>	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
WHO regions									
African region	63,359	16,137	79,730	77,287	19,480	96,750	85,357	21,438	106,662
Region of the Americas	102,749	70,064	172,846	108,538	74,155	182,765	110,356	75,512	185,972
Eastern Mediterranean region	64,684	10,789	75,754	76,673	12,858	90,032	82,736	13,916	97,294
European region	146,689	66,362	212,730	137,957	62,177	199,677	132,848	59,812	192,178
South-East Asia region	286,327	30,266	318,993	312,907	33,295	349,738	321,962	34,408	360,634
Western Pacific region	414,159	38,138	453,105	416,106	38,626	457,049	412,973	38,514	454,664
Levels of development									
Developed	113,821	75,036	188,793	110,142	72,636	182,724	107,415	70,926	178,313
Developing	914,829	130,031	1,049,563	995,271	142,129	1,144,508	1,028,454	147,310	1,184,435
Transition	79,831	23,178	102,717	73,260	21,210	94,122	70,053	20,246	89,918
Human Development									
High	148,858	89,041	237,812	144,590	86,532	231,054	141,289	84,674	225,938
Medium	821,890	119,269	943,602	862,102	125,621	991,807	872,900	127,582	1,005,754
Low	107,634	19,571	128,118	132,731	24,059	157,749	146,815	26,591	174,419
World	1,102,160	238,439	1,342,786	1,168,104	253,074	1,424,167	1,193,198	258,926	1,455,933
Prevalence	44.3%	9.6%	26.9%	41.3%	8.9%	25.1%	39.8%	8.6%	24.2%
-2% annual prevalence		<u>2010</u>	-		<u>2020</u>	.		<u>2025</u>	.
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
WHO regions	57.000	44.504	70.055	00.404	45.040	70.000	00.074	10.015	00.040
African region	57,260	14,584	72,055	63,124	15,910	79,020	66,274	16,645	82,816
Region of the Americas	92,858	63,319	156,207	88,648	60,566	149,272	85,684	58,631	144,396
Eastern Mediterranean region	58,458	9,751	68,461	62,622	10,502	73,533	64,239	10,805	75,543
European region	132,568	59,974	192,252	112,676	50,783	163,085	103,148	46,441	149,215
South-East Asia region	258,765	27,352	288,286	255,565	27,193	285,646	249,983	26,716	280,010
Western Pacific region	374,291	34,467	409,488	339,851	31,547	373,292	320,648	29,904	353,018
Levels of development									
Developed	102,864	67,813	170,619	89,958	59,325	149,238	83,401	55,069	138,449
Developing	826,766	117,514	948,530	812,880	116,083	934,769	798,531	114,377	919,640
Transition	72,146	20,947	92,829	59,834	17,323	76,873	54,392	15,720	69,816
Human Development									
High	134,528	80,470	214,919	118,093	70,675	188,711	109,702	65,744	175,427
Medium	742,773	107,788	852,769	704,116	102,600	810,051	677,753	99,060	780,905
			44E 700	108,407	19,650	128,840	113,993	20,647	135,426
Low	97,273	17,687	115,786	100,407	13,030	120,010	,	20,047	,
Low World	97,273 996,064		1,213,527	954,041		1,163,178	926,444		1,130,441
				,			,		

Source: Authors' projections

Table 4 presents two different scenarios for future tobacco use prevalence. On the assumption that there will be no change in prevalence in the next 10 and 25 years, it is predicted there will be close to 1.45 billion smokers in 2010 and more than 1.7 billion in

2025 (nearly 1.5 and 1.9 billion when assuming a modest increase in income per capita). When assuming that prevalence decreases at an annual rate of 1 per cent and a that there is a modest increase in income of 2 percent for the next 10 and 25 years, the total predicted number of smokers still stands at more than 1.3 billion in 2010 and 2025. Even the most optimistic scenario of a reduction in annual prevalence of 2 percent in every country every year for 10 and 25 years in a row, there would still be 1.2 billion smokers in 2010 and more than 1.1 billion in 2025.

In other words, if countries achieve successes in excess of the scale experienced in the US states of California, Massachusetts, Arizona and Oregon, and similar to that of South Africa and Thailand, the number of smokers in 10 and 25 years time will be similar to that at the beginning of the century. It is important to note that the 2 per cent scenario would represent a formidable success in the battle to improve health by reducing the prevalence of tobacco use. Such a sustained decrease would lead to a global prevalence of just 18.8 percent in 2025.

DISCUSSION

Data quality and reliability and sensitivity of assumptions

After presenting such a detailed analysis, it is worth pointing out that a large amount of the data published and available are of poor quality. In particular, the trade data reported by the USDA, UNSD and the FAO sometimes differ widely, as explained above. This makes it important to use the best available data by carrying out the selection process described.

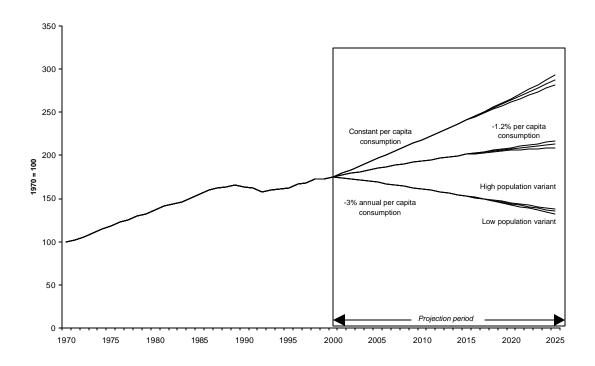
There is also a more general argument to make in underscoring what seem like greatly implausible differences. For instance, the USDA's world trade and production estimates in 2000 yield a net trade balance (global exports minus global imports) of 18.9% of all cigarettes traded or 5.3% of all cigarettes produced. Using the same production data but replacing the trade data with the FAO's world figure (the FAO does not publish production data), we find the corresponding figures of 12.3% and 3.7% respectively. Thus the USDA-only estimates of what is often interpreted as the size of the smuggling problem turn out to be 45% to 55% higher, leading to a rather different picture of the situation. And although these discrepancies have been greatest in the second half of the last decade, there have always been smaller (albeit occasionally significant) differences between the two sources over the past 30 years. It is also important to note that country data published by the USDA are often significantly different from those published by other organizations such as the United Nations Statistical Division and the FAO or by national statistical agencies. For a great number of developing countries (e.g. Albania, Algeria, Bangladesh, Bolivia, Ecuador, Jordan, Lebanon and Viet Nam), USDA cigarette production and trade data appear at best to be an extrapolation based on a "guesstimate". For these reasons, it is strongly suggested to use published USDA data for developing countries with great caution.

It is also vital to note that when grouped by either WHO regions or levels of development, the calculated estimates depend significantly on the data from large countries such as China and India.

As Figure 3 shows, using the different UN projections for future population to 2025 hardly makes a difference in the consumption (and prevalence) projections as they are similar to the year 2010, differing only slightly thereafter.

Figure 4 presents five combinations of income elasticities and GDP per capita annual growth rates with two scenarios of per capita consumption. It is apparent from comparing together the constant income assumption with a 2 percent annual GDP per capita increase that the income assumption does not have a significant effect until late in the projection period. However, high income elasticity and GDP per capita growth rates can have a large impact on the predicted future total consumption of cigarettes.

Figure 3: Total cigarette consumption, 1970-2025 (2% annual income increase, low, medium, high variant population projection)



Source: Authors' projections

25,000,000 20,000,000 Constant per capita consumption A) 5% GDP growth, 0.75 income elasticity 2% [5%] GDP growth, 0.75 [0.3] income elasticity Iillion cigarette sticks 15,000,000 2% GDP Growth, 0.3 income elasticity Constant GDP per capita -3.0% per capita consumption E) 5% GDP growth, 0.75 income elasticity F) 2% [5%] GDP growth, 0.75 [0.3] income elasticity 10,000,000 G) 2% GDP Growth, 0.3 income elasticity H) Constant GDP per capita G 5.000.000 1975 2000 2005 2010 2025 1970 1980 1985 1990 1995 2015 2020

Figure 4: Total cigarette consumption, 1970-2025, sensitivity of income assumptions (*medium variant population projection*)

Source: Authors' projections.

Strong tobacco control measures will not lead to massive job losses and poverty

From the results presented above it appears that any reduction in the number of smokers and in total tobacco consumption over the next 20 years would be very gradual, even assuming conservative growth of incomes and population and income elasticity, as well as the worldwide, immediate implementation of comprehensive tobacco control measures. This is to say that the current generations of tobacco farmers and workers have nothing to fear from tobacco control, as the shift towards other livelihoods will involve a slow process over several generations.

That is not to say that tobacco farmers and workers are not economically vulnerable. Tobacco control is only one of many determinants of the profitability of tobacco farming and manufacturing. Other factors may significantly impact tobacco employment. As Jaffee reports for Malawi for example, the fall in tobacco auction prices in 2000 and 2001 has had adverse consequences for tobacco farmers (particularly smallholders), driving down the crop's profitability by as much as 50% compared with the previous year (Jaffee 2002). The FAO argues that decreased export demand and an influx of inexperienced farmers, leading to a poorer product quality, are the main sources of these changes which took place in a quasi buyers' market (FAO 2001a). Although partially offset by a reduction in production costs, this process may in the absence of reform have led – or

lead in the future – a number of tobacco growers to leave the business, independently of any government intervention in the farming or trading sectors. The FAO has also highlighted a somewhat similar case for China, the world's largest producer and consumer of tobacco products. The Chinese example is also striking because it was the result of a decision made by the public authorities that does not seem to have had unbearable adverse consequences for the sector or the farmers most directly affected. From 1997 to 1999, the area under tobacco cultivation in China dropped by 43% from 2.1 to 1.2 million hectares as a result of a large decrease in the number of farming contracts passed between the State and the farmers. The farmers left out of the tobacco contracting process were forced to shift to other crops in the context of a planned economy; although they disappeared from the tobacco employment statistics within a relatively short period, the switching process was reported to be quick and easy (FAO 2001b).

The vulnerability of tobacco farmers and workers should not be dismissed; people who live on the edge of poverty may be very vulnerable to fairly small movements in crop prices. However, the catastrophic scenarios that are predicted occasionally in the media or propagated by the tobacco industry are pure fiction. For instance, the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control negotiated under the auspices of WHO does not, as it has been reported, "relate to the survival of millions of people whose livelihood is derived from tobacco farming" (Africa News Service, 2 October 2000). Even the most optimistic –and very unlikely– tobacco control scenario of a 3% per capita reduction in cigarette consumption every year for 25 years would merely bring total consumption of cigarettes to that of the early 1980s. It is also important to note that money no longer spent on tobacco will not disappear from the economy but will be spent on other goods and services. This increased demand for other goods and services will in turn create new employment opportunities. Thus for the foreseeable future, irrespective of tobacco control scenarios, tobacco production can and will remain an important part of some countries' economies. Hence strong tobacco policies should be implemented without delay; fears that farmers and workers may suffer from the direct effects of these policies are unwarranted.

CONCLUSION

The detailed cigarette consumption and prevalence estimates presented above demonstrate the urgency of the situation. Today, almost 1.3 billion adults use tobacco. If prevalence and per capita cigarette consumption remain unchanged, we predict that there will be close to 1.9 billion users in 2025 consuming more than 9 trillion cigarettes. As stressed by Gro Harlem Brundtland, Director-General of WHO, the reason to control the tobacco epidemic is its impact on health, poverty and development (Brundtland 2003). Currently, 4.9 million people die every year because of tobacco use. Without further action, it is predicted that the burden attributed to tobacco use will almost double by 2020 (WHO 2002). Further, since the impact of future consumption will lead to excess deaths well beyond 2020, action today could reap one of the greatest prevention dividends in public health history. The impact of tobacco control policies on the future of tobacco

farmers and workers should no longer be an acceptable excuse to prevent the implementation of comprehensive tobacco control policies that can save millions of lives.

APPENDICES

Appendix 1: Cigarette production 1970-2000, selected years (million pieces)

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Afghanistan									
Albania		4,950	4,947	685	483	414	764	63	62
Algeria	6,063	15,444	18,775	16,419	15,840	15,543	17,891	18,324	17,058
Andorra									
Angola	2,016								
Antigua and Barbuda									
Argentina	30,219	37,972	33,472	42,009	41,208	42,100	42,200	42,500	40,400
Armenia		9,776	8,102	1,043	152	815	2,490	3,132	2,096
Australia	26,848	35,185	35,575	31,271	30,767	30,035	29,939	28,018	23,576
Austria	12,617	15,260	14,961	16,297	19,366	19,973	22,512	24,370	25,400
Azerbaijan		7,673	6,520	1,970	788	800	200	416	2,126
Bahamas									
Bahrain									
Bangladesh	17,787	13,830	12,289	17,379	16,222	18,601	19,889	19,558	19,732
Barbados	162	224	135	65					
Belarus		19,229	16,399	6,228	6,267	6,787	7,296	9,259	10,356
Belgium	19,727	28,167	27,758	18,826	17,471	18,061	17,519	14,712	12,625
Belize	80	63	101	95	79	88	94	91	84
Benin									
Bhutan									
Bolivia	730		97	170					
Bosnia and Herzegovina			9,208	1,500	2,000	3,032	3,717	4,945	4,670
Botswana									
Brazil	73,000	142,700	173,987	173,694	182,300	182,800	170,000	111,400	104,900
Brunei Darussalam									
Bulgaria	55,082	85,214	75,812	74,603	57,238	43,315	33,181	25,715	26,681
Burkina Faso		957	822	949	920	1,206			
Burundi		123	384						
Cambodia	3,874								
Cameroon	975	1,340							
Canada	50,170	67,180	46,111	50,775	49,362	47,263	48,730	46,908	45,252
Cape Verde									
Central African Republic		409	25	30					
Chad	33	349	248	569					
Chile	6,590	10,510	10,198	10,891	11,569	12,522	12,904	13,271	13,796
China	391,500	760,000	1,645,000	1,735,000	1,700,323	1,683,550	1,683,550	1,674,650	1,698,500
China, Hong Kong SAR	6,402	4,234	21,700	22,767	21,386	20,929	13,470	6,637	9,859
China, Macao SAR			500	450	450				
Colombia	19,080	21,200	14,490	10,491	11,700	11,662	12,473	10,965	12,824
Comoros									
Congo	989	706	645						
Congo, Democratic Republic of	3,753	2,739	3,600	3,240	3,425	3,200	2,300	2,300	2,100
Cook Islands									
Costa Rica									
Côte d'Ivoire	2,000	3,480	2,070	2,465	2,667	2,814	2,878	3,112	3,268
Croatia			12,437	12,110	11,548	11,416	11,987	12,785	13,692
Cuba	19,806	15,109	16,026						
Cyprus	851	2,901	4,601	2,528	2,728	3,662	4,362	4,783	4,980
Czech Republic		14,805	18,119	22,000	23,400	23,950	30,200		
Denmark	8,298	9,390	11,387	11,902	11,804	12,262	12,392	11,749	11,413
Djibouti								•••	
Dominica		33							
Dominican Republic	2,125	3,375	4,535	4,092	4,192	3,972	4,098	4,005	
Ecuador	1,295	3,858	•••	1,734	1,745	1,678	1,997	2,178	•••
Egypt	12,153	35,570	39,837	42,469	46,000	50,000	52,000	51,000	53,000
El Salvador	1,441	2,570		1,701	1,756	***	***		
Equatorial Guinea	•••	•••			•••	***		•••	
Eritrea									
Estonia			4,165	1,864	954				
Ethiopia	870	1,458	2,258	1,583	1,862	2,024	2,029	1,829	1,931
Fiji	389	549	531	437	439	450	410	446	396
Finland	6,476	9,162	8,974	6,542	5,910	6,743	5,510	4,030	3,459
France	69,903	72,478	55,495	46,361	46,931	45,020	43,304	42,406	38,242

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Gabon	-	315	328	297					
Gambia									
Georgia		17,626	11,191	1,839	1,054	917	595	1,327	296
Germany	138,878	183,908	204,651	221,000	193,300	182,000	181,904	204,831	206,770
Ghana	1,536	2,028	1,805	1,713	1,747	1,764			
Greece	17,011	24,889	29,438	38,617	39,152	38,500	35,800	34,322	34,381
Grenada		20	22						
Guatemala	2,986	2,699		2,616	1,725	2,198	4,184	4,376	4,262
Guinea									
Guinea-Bissau									
Guyana	474	578	247						
Haiti	421	1,094	1,027						
Honduras	1,266	2,475	2,690	2,410	2,109	2,603	3,814	4,586	5,655
Hungary	22,050	27,158	28,212	25,709	27,594	26,057	26,849	22,985	21,608
Iceland				20,700			20,040		21,000
India	62,930	77,376	61,162	69,589	73,841	83,162	79,313	82,504	75,085
Indonesia	32,530	83,900	155,300	186,200	211,823	225,385	216,200	225,417	232,467
Iran, Islamic Republic of	11,898	12,884	12,319	9,787	11,860	10,304	14,335		
•									•••
Iraq	 5 550	0.660	 6 505	 7 700	 7.400	 5.700	 6.050	 6 350	 6.720
Ireland	5,550	9,660	6,505	7,700	7,400	5,700	6,050	6,350	6,720
Israel	3,868	5,337	5,440	4,933	4,793			45.005	
Italy	71,618	73,105	61,746	50,203	51,481	51,900	50,681	45,065	44,218
Jamaica	1,261	1,284	1,380	1,216	1,219	1,175	1,160	1,078	991
Japan	221,039	303,177	270,055	262,788	271,032	254,567	267,050	263,154	257,965
Jordan	1,610	4,188	3,185	3,675	4,738				
Kazakhstan		11,966	12,485	12,080	19,121	24,109	21,747	18,773	19,293
Kenya	2,426	4,556	6,647	7,932	8,436		•••		
Kiribati									
Korea, Democratic People's									
Republic of									
Korea, Republic of	39,632	70,357	92,000	87,509	93,001	94,252	103,586	97,135	98,286
Kuwait									
Kyrgyzstan		3,818	3,974	1,332	975	716	862	2,103	3,169
Lao People's Democratic									
Republic	361			1,062					
Latvia			5,209	2,101	1,876	1,775	2,018	1,916	
Lebanon	1,281			535	539	793	672	945	1,009
Lesotho									
Liberia		20							
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1,639	2,134							
Lithuania			6,654	4,876	4,538	5,755	7,427	8,217	7,207
Luxembourg							·		
Macedonia, The former Yugoslav	***	•••		•••			***		•••
Republic of			16,328	9,664	10,229	8,825	7,418	8,149	9,181
Madagascar	951	1,983	1,476	2,354	2,957	2,826	3,303		
Malawi	444	630	1,061	1,160	975	731	501		
Malaysia	7,566	13,529	18,430	21,827	23,000	27,400	29,190	30,567	28,390
Maldives	.,000			21,021	20,000	2.,.00	20,100		20,000
Mali				22	 21				
Malta	509	 1,115	17			***		•••	***
Marshall Islands					***	•••		•••	
Mauritania						***		•••	***
	 E00		1 000	1 215	1 102		1.024		
Mauritius	590	959 54 530	1,000	1,215	1,193	1,144	1,034	979	976
Mexico	40,633	54,520	55,380	56,821	59,907	57,618	60,407	59,492	56,383
Micronesia, Federated States of									
Moldova, Republic of		7,559	9,088	7,108	9,657	9,539	7,512	8,731	9,262
Monaco									
Mongolia									
Morocco		11,491	12,797	12,139	12,769	12,642	12,600	11,916	11,800
Mozambique		1,100	1,030	106	250	250	950	1,084	1,417
Myanmar	1,513	2,724	979	752	1,727	1,991	2,040	2,270	2,559
Namibia									
Nauru									
Nepal	1,135	1,811	6,691	8,067	7,944	8,127	7,315	6,584	6,979
Netherlands	22,930	40,705	78,345	100,603	111,239	116,255	116,263	119,983	123,071
New Zealand	5,364	6,276	4,489	3,338	3,660	3,449	3,263	3,010	2,700
Nicaragua									
Niger		•••							
-	•••		 10 380	 0 /13		***		•••	***
Nigeria	•••		10,380	9,413		***			***
Niue			1 401	1 220	 1 756		1 640	1 602	1 200
Norway		820	1,491	1,328	1,756	1,776	1,649	1,683	1,380

Palas		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Palsatan										
Palsatan	Oman									
Pamana 1.011 1,084 810 11,136 883 752 320										46,976
Peland	Palau									
Penngal 8,724 13,281 17,547 13,215 12,780 13,224 15,781 17,742 21,377 Pentor Ricco Gray	Panama	1,011	1,084	810	1,136	663	752	320		
Puerfo Río	Poland	69,193	93,446	91,500	101,000	95,200	95,842	96,741	94,600	83,440
Caser	Portugal	8,724	13,281	17,547	13,215	12,780	13,234	15,781	17,742	21,377
Romania	Puerto Rico									
Russian Federaten	Qatar									
Namada	Romania			18,090	14,747	16,536	25,943			
Saint Nurser and Newis Saint Lucias			181,345	150,533	140,973	137,214	176,146	210,730	266,031	333,953
Saint Lucia Samu Vincent and the Grenadines Samoa Sano Tamoa Samoa										
Sam Varioret and the Grenadness Sam Marino		•••	•••							
Samotan Sam Marino										
Sam Marino		•••	•••						•••	
Sao Tome and Principe Saudis Arabhia Saudis Arabhia Saudis Arabhia Sanegal 1,847 2,703 3										
Saudi Arabia		•••	•••						•••	
Senegal 1,647 2,703 2,129 1,566 1,556	·		***	***	***	•••	***	•••		
Seychelles										
Signapore 400 1,711 467	•	1,647								
Singapore 2,787 3,147	•	-					70	61		
Slovakia 8.589 7.410 7.184 7.955 8.313 8.500 6.500										
Slovenia	• .	2,787	3,147							
Solomo Islands										
Samalia		***		5,179	4,543	4,909	5,767	7,555	8,032	7,855
South Africa 16,430 28,791 40,792 37,332 36,518 31,965 29,963 25,891 27,196 Spain 50,494 76,995 78,676 77,675 77,315 81,940 74,873 74,796 Spain 50,494 76,995 78,676 77,675 77,315 81,940 74,873 74,795 73,315 Mudan 74,873 74,795 74,725 74,735 74,735 Mudan 74,873 74,795 74,725 74,735 74,735 Mudan 74,873 74,795 Mudan 74,		***			***			•••	***	•••
Spain 59,494 75,995 78,676 77,675 77,315 81,940 74,873 74,785 Sri Lanka 3,035 5,225 5,621 5,822 6,160 5,712 5,797 5,333 4,885 Sudan 734 .										
Sri Lanka 3,035 5,225 5,621 5,822 6,160 5,712 5,797 5,333 4,885 Sudan 734			28,791							
Sudian 134	•									
Suriname 187 379 487 472 483			5,225	5,621	5,822	6,160	5,712	5,797	5,333	4,889
Swazland										
Sweden 8,975 10,933 9,648 7,193 7,251 6,237 5,692 6,060 5,958 Switzerland 29,229 31,264 31,771 41,976 42,955 37,638 34,453 32,139 34,268 Syrian Arab Republic 2,429 6,943 6,855 9,699 8,528 10,137 10,398 10,991 11,099 Tajikistan 4,728 5,022 964 604 153 191 209 667 Tanzania, United Republic of 2,599 4,735 3,742 3,699 3,733 4,710 Thailand 15,291 30,783 38,180 43,020 48,173 43,387 34,585 31,146 30,732 Timor Lesite										
Switzerland 29,229 31,264 31,771 41,976 42,955 37,638 34,453 32,139 34,295 Syrian Arab Republic 2,429 6,943 6,855 9,699 8,528 10,137 10,998 10,991 11,099 Tanzania, United Republic of Tanzania, United Republic of Tanzania, United Republic of Tanzania, United Republic of 15,291 30,783 38,180 43,020 48,173 43,387 34,585 31,146 30,732 Timor Leste <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
Syrian Arab Republic 2,429 6,943 6,855 9,699 8,528 10,137 10,398 10,991 11,097 Tajikistan 4,728 5,022 964 604 153 191 209 667 Tanzania, United Republic of 2,599 4,735 3,742 3,699 3,733 4,710										
Tajikistain										
Tanzania, United Republic of 2,599 4,735 3,742 3,699 3,733 4,710		2,429								
Thailand 15,291 30,783 38,180 43,020 48,173 43,387 34,585 31,146 30,732 17mor Leste	•	2 500								
Timor Leste Togo	•									30.732
Togo Tokelau										
Tokelau Tonga										
Tonga	•									•••
Trinidad and Tobago 825 849 701 920 1,102 1,386 1,680 1,945 2,050 Tunisia 3,286 4,419 6,852 7,421 7,159 7,735 9,813 11,066 12,231 Turkey 37,253 51,977 60,427 99,939 105,066 103,153 105,443										
Tunisia 3,286 4,419 6,852 7,421 7,159 7,735 9,813 11,066 12,231 Turkey 37,253 51,977 60,427 99,939 105,066 103,153 105,443	•									2.050
Turkey 37,253 51,977 60,427 99,939 105,066 103,153 105,443	•									
Turkmenistan										
Tuvallu	•									
Uganda 1,536 636 1,290 1,576 1,702 1,864 1,866 1,688 Ukraine 78,084 69,397 48,033 44,900 54,488 59,275 54,052 58,675 United Arab Emirates										
Ukraine 78,084 69,397 48,033 44,900 54,488 59,275 54,052 58,678 United Arab Emirates <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•••</td>										•••
United Arab Emirates										 58 670
United Kingdom 145,530 155,618 126,017 155,103 166,496 167,670 152,998 143,794 139,125 10,116d States 583,200 714,100 709,700 746,270 758,000 719,600 680,000 606,600 594,700 170,000										
United States 583,200 714,100 709,700 746,270 758,000 719,600 680,000 606,600 594,700 Uruguay 3,121 2,765 3,561 6,044 10,732 10,187 11,161 10,894 Uzbekistan 4,148 4,370 2,742 5,172 8,521 7,700 10,695 7,768 Vanuatu										
Uruguay 3,121 2,765 3,561 6,044 10,732 10,187 11,161 10,894 Uzbekistan 4,148 4,370 2,742 5,172 8,521 7,700 10,695 7,768 Vanuatu .	•							,		,
Uzbekistan 4,148 4,370 2,742 5,172 8,521 7,700 10,695 7,768 Vanuatu										
Vanuatu										
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of Viet Nam 10,463 21,300 23,560 27,806 22,522 23,270 27,000 <										
Viet Nam 7,920 25,000 42,940 43,200 42,660 43,900 42,580 Yemen 5,968 6,540 6,740 6,800										
Yemen 5,968 6,540 6,740 6,800 12,686 13,176 10,988 14,597 13,126 14,451 Zambia 1,145 1,283	•									
Yugoslavia 12,686 13,176 10,988 14,597 13,126 14,451 Zambia 1,145 1,283 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
Zambia 1,145 1,283 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
Zimbabwe 3,625 3,571 2,600 3,036 3,230 3,523 3,390 3,790 3,900 3,9	_									
Czechoslovakia (Former) 20,472 22,543 26,708										
USSR (Former) 322,687 363,971 313,082 293,000	Zimbabwe	3,023	3,371	2,000	3,030	3,230	3,323	3,330	3,730	3,300
USSR (Former) 322,687 363,971 313,082 293,000	Czechoslovakia (Former)	20 472	22 5/13	26 708						
Yugoslavia (Former Socialist	, ,									
Fordered Deput No. 100 070 50 400 50 000		0_2,001	000,011	0.0,002	250,000					
	Federal Republic)	32,072	59,103	58,200						

Appendix 2: Cigarette imports, 1970-2000, selected years (metric tons / million pieces)

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Afghanistan	76								
Albania			***		969	117	584	2,132	2,260
Algeria	191	218	1	2,170	1,068	57			
Andorra					1,924	3,488	1,032	632	541
Angola	473								
Antigua and Barbuda								36	
Argentina	46	603	5	13	25	183	26	7	102
Armenia				1,752	1,516	1,731	1,000	1,473	1,520
Australia	606	796	537	830	774	580	640	1,013	1,444
Austria	731	854	476	1,562	1,136	1,246	1,630	1,837	1,880
Azerbaijan				1,447	1,999	3,197	2,708	5,159	1,580
Bahamas	200	200	75	55	45	63	40	130	536
Bahrain	637	1,436	859	1,022	1,109				1,003
Bangladesh		177	86	70	18	90	52		
Barbados	51	28	60	82	185	184	115	200	190
Belarus							11,645	12,630	7,237
Belgium	2,399	2,575	3,885	12,750	8,968	8,657	9,648	11,610	12,215
Belize	41	113	22	97	148	100	35	35	29
Benin	805	1,354					3,664	182	114
Bhutan							5	5	
Bolivia	7	4	37	108	9	6		1	1,883
Bosnia and Herzegovina						84	116	116	25
Botswana		500	678	590	416	383	383	383	350
Brazil				11	92	579	57	42	60
Brunei Darussalam	216	342	382			135	97		
Bulgaria	114	643	485	244	260	165	58	81	184
Burkina Faso	82	277	250	28	12	132	400		
Burundi	90	44		1	7	132		***	1
Cambodia								•••	
Cameroon	13	 26	 5	118	 789	 151	888	 179	400
Canada	204	706	297	372	332	361	481	480	503
Cape Verde	204	111	1	1	1	4	4	30	41
Central African Republic	10	20	26	43	187				
Chad	244	40	50	43 11	25	 40	30	30	 55
Chile	244	1,010	29	506	148	173	184		
	70								 OF OFO
China Hong Kong SAR	4,650	5,829	10,551 48,119	26,372 59,017	30,567 62,805	22,210	20,647 27,520	21,885	25,353 22,293
China, Hong Kong SAR China, Macao SAR	4,650 550	9,175 699	1,787	4,096	2,227	29,801 1,774	1,135	22,964 1,562	1,097
Colombia Comoros	1,713	2,323	12	857	1,367 102	2,399 91	3,770 71	8,476 88	5,700 39
Congo	 14	 8	 7	134 1	102	1	1	1	1
•									
Congo, Democratic Republic of Cook Islands	56	20		10		259	259 9	610	630 11
			1		10	10		11	
Costa Rica	88	10		4	4	9	11	11	601
Côte d'Ivoire	468			7	5	8	12	8	9
Croatia				12	11	12	1	6	34
Cuba									
Cyprus	102	239	3,584	24,577	40,463	36,931	22,225	21,549	25,855
Czech Republic				6,688	4,312	4,338	3,667	3,466	2,728
Denmark	792	173	178	710	438	689	524	473	854
Djibouti	921	1,102	492				***		
Dominica	5	3	4	19	6	4		10	4
Dominican Republic	14	5	15	25	50	40	30	30	30
Ecuador	119			18	25	49	44	41	55
Egypt	49	1,156	138	11	8	25	10	6	-
El Salvador	532	20	2	728	630	617	1,117	1,159	1,251
Equatorial Guinea				***		***		***	
Eritrea					•••		•••		
Estonia				676	1,677	3,635	2,904	2,620	2,749
Ethiopia				11		13	100	28	76
Fiji	14	12	11	55	30	50	40	30	16
Finland	6	100	69	444	1,314	999	1,205	1,664	1,761
France	4,509	26,782	48,010	58,296	58,055	60,900	60,156	62,349	52,906

Cashon		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Commany	Gabon	10	140	40	33	40	160	180	180	160
Cemmary	Gambia	164	250		335	202	537	2,568	1,111	281
Channe	Georgia				847	433	1,949	390	2,266	
Groece 21 593 4 ,862 11,747 12,343 11,405 13,240 12,787 10,865 Clearmala 11 10 - 539 556 602 767 764 48,88 Cuinea 11 10 - 2,809 15,86 80,20 30 <td>Germany</td> <td>6,141</td> <td>7,308</td> <td>10,224</td> <td>16,485</td> <td>14,204</td> <td>26,793</td> <td>29,269</td> <td>26,236</td> <td>33,291</td>	Germany	6,141	7,308	10,224	16,485	14,204	26,793	29,269	26,236	33,291
Generalad 16 5 4 30 55 67 67 204 488 Caluarea 1 10 530 556 802 27 244 488 Caluarea 1 2,800 1,645 1,988 3,697 7,641 4,300 Caluarea 130 400 2,041 3,000 3,000 3,205 4,278 4,317 Italy 3,533 3,002 34,868 3,002 3,408 3,205 6,626 Jamalicia 26 2 2 12 17 8 20 36 8,520 Jarchan 13 113 87 187 41 179 290 50 4 3,520 3,770 4 120 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191 191	Ghana	13	41			75	87	3		1,982
Cusinemals	Greece	21	593	4,862	11,747	12,343	11,405	13,240	12,787	11,066
Cuinnea	Grenada	16	5	4	30	35	67	67	60	85
Curuen Sura Sura	Guatemala	11	10		539	556	802	767	244	498
Install 130	Guinea				2,809	1,645	1,988	3,697	7,641	8,390
Image	Guinea-Bissau	91	96	20	40	40	60	60	90	90
Jampanica	Israel	130	400	2,041	3,600	3,000	3,080	3,255	4,276	4,317
Japan	Italy	3,583	30,320	34,483	38,566	39,372	41,479	43,182	50,562	56,626
	Jamaica	26	2	2	12	17	8	20	36	33
Kazahkslan	Japan	1,740	5,054	41,405	57,530	77,192	77,581	80,594	82,651	83,520
Kemya	Jordan	13	113	87	167	41	179	289	594	428
	Kazakhstan				2,400	3,000	3,000	1,800	1,264	3,770
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of	Kenya	60	74	144	70	54	192	1,070	50	42
Republic of	Kiribati				13	12	13	13	13	90
Kora, Republic of 49 10 4.473 13,853 12,544 11,1244 4.866 6.219 9,991 Kowait 2,739 3.994 1,674 2,916 2,986 2,685 2,715 2,966 1,678 Krynyzstan	Korea, Democratic People's									
Mureal 1,739 3,994 1,674 2,916 2,984 2,685 2,715 2,966 1,678 1,785 1,678 1,6	Republic of			200	312	1,918	699	1,000	920	760
Kyrgyzstan	Korea, Republic of	49	10	4,473	13,953	12,544	11,324	4,896	6,319	9,991
Lap People's Democratic People's Democ	Kuwait	2,739	3,994	1,674	2,916	2,984	2,685	2,715	2,966	1,678
Republic 99	Kyrgyzstan				204	1,385		1,068	1,162	
Lativia	Lao People's Democratic									
Lebannon 668	Republic	99								864
Liberia	Latvia				185	624	1,748	2,499	3,553	2,882
Liberia 202 292 100 135 200 455 370 360 200	Lebanon	668					10,479	12,418	6,985	5,554
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya 336 4,277 96 14 222 919 1,197 <td>Lesotho</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Lesotho									
Lithuania 1,806 2,694 3,271 2,666 2,007 1,107 Luxembourg </td <td>Liberia</td> <td>202</td> <td>292</td> <td>100</td> <td>135</td> <td>200</td> <td>455</td> <td>370</td> <td>360</td> <td>200</td>	Liberia	202	292	100	135	200	455	370	360	200
Luxembourg Macedonia, The former Macedonia, The	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	336	4,277	96						
Macedonia, The former Yugoslav Republic of	Lithuania	•••			1,806	2,694	3,271	2,666	2,007	1,107
Madagascar 346 119 21 16 16 15 30 14 24 Malawi 15 2 244 64 205 786 18 Malaysia 2,470 2,891 991 2,090 964 1,460 1,062 1,011 1,434 Maldives 2232 274 335 Malit 6 233 1,030 169 261 Maritall Islands 81 79 163 357 3,709 319 383 346 Maritall Islands	ě .								4,937	5,970
Malawi 15 2 24 64 205 786 18 Malaysia 2,470 2,891 991 2,090 964 1,460 1,062 1,011 1,434 Malaysia 2,470 2,891 991 2,900 964 1,460 1,062 1,011 1,434 Maliwis 6 233 1,030 169 261 Mala 91 81 79 163 357 3,709 319 383 346 Marialla 91 81 79 163 357 3,709 319 383 346 Marialla 91 11 10 111 44 29 48 46 151 210 Maritius 11 10 11 44 29 48 46 151 210 Mexico 11 10 11 44 29 48	Yugoslav Republic of				218	188	459	202	289	130
Malaysia 2,470 2,891 991 2,090 964 1,460 1,062 1,011 1,434 Maldives 232 274 335 Mali 6 233 1,030 232 274 335 Mali 6 233 1,030 367 3,709 379 383 346 Marthall Islands	Madagascar	346	119	21	16	16	15	30	14	24
Maldives	Malawi	15	2		24	64	205	786		18
Malit 6 233 1,030 169 261 Maltal 91 81 79 163 357 3,709 319 383 346 Marshall Islands 70 408 450 450 450 450 1,916 Mauritius 11 10 11 44 29 48 46 151 210 Mexico 11 10 11 44 29 48 46 151 210 Mexico 1 68 50 170 75 166 747 Micronesia, Federated States <	Malaysia	2,470	2,891	991	2,090	964	1,460	1,062	1,011	1,434
Malta 91 81 79 163 357 3,709 319 383 346 Marshall Islands	Maldives				232	274	335			
Marshall Islands	Mali	6	233	1,030		169	261			
Mauritania 27 70 408 450 450 450 450 1916 Mauritius 11 10 11 44 29 48 46 151 210 Mexico 1 68 50 170 75 166 747 Micronesia, Federated States <td>Malta</td> <td>91</td> <td>81</td> <td>79</td> <td>163</td> <td>357</td> <td>3,709</td> <td>319</td> <td>383</td> <td>346</td>	Malta	91	81	79	163	357	3,709	319	383	346
Mauritius 11 10 11 44 29 48 46 151 210 Mexico 1 68 50 170 75 166 747 Micronesia, Federated States	Marshall Islands									
Mexico 1 68 50 170 75 166 747 Micronesia, Federated States of <	Mauritania	27		70	408	450	450	450	450	1,916
Micronesia, Federated States of Commence of	Mauritius	11	10	11	44	29	48	46	151	210
of	Mexico			1	68	50	170	75	166	747
Moldova, Republic of Monaco 132 628 132 159 3,427 Monaco .										
Monaco <	of									
Mongolia 673 Morocco 207 989 1,355 1,953 1,780 1,775 1,933 1,899 2,024 Mozambique 31	Moldova, Republic of				132	628		132	159	3,427
Morocco 207 989 1,355 1,953 1,780 1,775 1,933 1,899 2,024 Mozambique 31 <td>Monaco</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Monaco									
Mozambique 31 .	Mongolia					673				
Myanmar 56 44 127 306 502 Namibia	Morocco	207	989	1,355	1,953	1,780	1,775	1,933	1,899	2,024
Namibia 1,420 Nauru .	Mozambique	31								
Nauru </td <td>Myanmar</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>56</td> <td>44</td> <td>127</td> <td>306</td> <td>502</td> <td></td>	Myanmar				56	44	127	306	502	
Nepal 40 4 70 100 50 110 80 90 Netherlands 1,765 19,173 14,239 17,468 20,221 18,424 17,519 15,833 16,732 New Zealand 52 62 32 89 106 143 167 282 387 Nicaragua 134 1 25 24 37 100 1,051 1,924 Niger 266 544 541 1,013 2,851 1,090 1,203 Nigeria 20 60 198 846 1,332 920 5,513 1,599 2,966 Niue	Namibia									1,420
Netherlands 1,765 19,173 14,239 17,468 20,221 18,424 17,519 15,833 16,732 New Zealand 52 62 32 89 106 143 167 282 387 Nicaragua 134 1 25 24 37 100 1,051 1,924 Niger 266 544 541 1,013 2,851 1,090 1,203 Nigeria 20 60 198 846 1,332 920 5,513 1,599 2,966 Niue	Nauru									
New Zealand 52 62 32 89 106 143 167 282 387 Nicaragua 134 1 25 24 37 100 1,051 1,924 Niger 266 544 541 1,013 2,851 1,090 1,203 Nigeria 20 60 198 846 1,332 920 5,513 1,599 2,966 Niue <td>Nepal</td> <td></td> <td>40</td> <td>4</td> <td>70</td> <td>100</td> <td>50</td> <td>110</td> <td>80</td> <td>90</td>	Nepal		40	4	70	100	50	110	80	90
Nicaragua 134 1 25 24 37 100 1,051 1,924 Niger 266 544 541 1,013 2,851 1,090 1,203 Nigeria 20 60 198 846 1,332 920 5,513 1,599 2,966 Niue	Netherlands	1,765	19,173	14,239	17,468	20,221	18,424	17,519	15,833	16,732
Niger 266 544 541 1,013 2,851 1,090 1,203 Nigeria 20 60 198 846 1,332 920 5,513 1,599 2,966 Niue	New Zealand	52	62	32	89	106	143	167	282	387
Niger 266 544 541 1,013 2,851 1,090 1,203 Nigeria 20 60 198 846 1,332 920 5,513 1,599 2,966 Niue	Nicaragua	134	1	***	25	24	37	100	1,051	1,924
Niue	Niger	266	544		1,013	2,851	1,090	1,203		
	Nigeria	20	60	198	846	1,332	920	5,513	1,599	2,966
	Niue			***						
	Norway	1,593					1,021			

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Oman	80	3,067	1,402	22,395	17,077	17,526	25,488	30,831	34,749
Pakistan	130	3	3	8	2	126	27	30	14
Palau									
Panama	1	2	-	-	9	41	789	961	778
Papua New Guinea	188	15	5	13	50	50	50	50	-
Paraguay	1,252	1,911	1,807	22,811	33,762	36,937	35,452	16,659	10,336
Peru	1	1		125	183	278	531	499	624
Philippines	112	281	476	4,413	1,154	1,575	4,693	2,526	2,739
Poland		1,413	5,032	1,550	701	500	387	554	87
Portugal	190	67	127	4,210	4,987	3,013	2,524	2,241	1,987
Puerto Rico								,	
Qatar		684	822	1,045	1,193		950	1,143	
Romania				22,335	8,706	5,460	2,766	1,991	3,474
Russian Federation				,	49,373	93,400	75,111	27,070	15,003
Solomon Islands	24	28	 25	 175	120	150	160	130	
Somalia									
South Africa	 1,675	1.139	 597	694	803	539	532	417	324
Spain	4,512	6,634	906	7,146	7,673	11,458	16,036	23,726	29,416
Sri Lanka	4,512	44	84	41	170	230	254	175	188
Sudan	 578	242		76	43	329	73		
Suriname	36	100	 15	232	43	58	131	 458	 785
Swaziland									348
			2.020			4.077	2.027		
Sweden	2,122	2,247	2,030	1,684	2,175	1,877	2,037	2,229	2,844
Switzerland	1,676	247	345	117	172	187	172	167	200
Syrian Arab Republic	236	784		1,296	1,738	737	449	429	441
Tajikistan									
Tanzania, United Republic of	10	-	230	10	25	5	13	19	14
Thailand	15	242	449	2,120	2,030	2,933	2,585	5,617	6,854
Timor Leste									
Togo	946	779	1,327	794	980	1,348	992	1,075	892
Tokelau	•••		•••		***		***		
Tonga			93	70	72	110	72	88	70
Trinidad and Tobago	10	92	12	14	4	11	11	132	16
Tunisia		1,419	1,757	3,988	3,662	4,768	3,946	1,681	1,582
Turkey			15,851	130	37	21	19	1	3
Turkmenistan				1,712	1,088	706	1,111	2,913	2,284
Tuvalu		5	3	5	7	7	7	7	4
Uganda	10			11	12	3	4	33	135
Ukraine					9,081	10,132	8,265	3,722	2,145
United Arab Emirates	1,176	13,942	7,379	10,500	8,100	18,000	24,000	24,000	21,900
United Kingdom	926	2,835	15,747	17,946	17,805	15,820	14,051	12,704	7,669
United States	121	569	2,677	3,212	4,202	4,408	6,432	10,828	15,087
Uruguay	20	90	4	1	4	2	3	2	1
Uzbekistan				5,625	2,211	310	291	184	753
Vanuatu	35	33	30	21	21	21	21	21	55
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic									
of	8	427	31	45	125	56	30	32	84
Viet Nam			90	24,546	19,000	10,000	13,000	9,600	17,200
Yemen	396	1,420	6	32	4	334	51	51	150
Yugoslavia				100	27	131	304	304	2,199
Zambia	1			1			15	2	26
Zimbabwe			1	11	34	132	336	910	734
Czechoslovakia (Former)	7,000	7,000	1,000						
USSR (Former)	41,596	58,133	77,733	76,570					
Yugoslavia (Former Socialist									
Federal Republic)	115	2	1,510						

Appendix 3: Cigarette exports, 1970-2000, selected years (metric tons / million pieces)

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Afghanistan									
Albania					20		58	20	5
Algeria	104	635					7		108
Andorra						39	86	76	65
Angola	155								
Antigua and Barbuda				***					
Argentina		11	724	2,452	1,788	2,708	2,077	3,102	2,555
Armenia								133	130
Australia	594	291	647	1,122	3,106	2,880	3,339	1,289	1,170
Austria	91	188	1,617	4,205	5,112	10,205	12,378	14,223	17,065
Azerbaijan							48	120	435
Bahamas						1	1	1	24
Bahrain	259	1,039	18	12	14				
Bangladesh			2	-	15	40	47	50	15
Barbados	56	96	44	37	13	31	15	18	18
Belarus							299	699	1,030
Belgium	3,363	10,875	11,765	10,628	12,126	12,081	10,815	10,922	9,268
Belize	28	1	1	161	137	94	94	94	1
Benin	67	5					388	392	284
Bhutan									
Bolivia				527	626	581	478	429	297
Bosnia and Herzegovina						10		2	
Botswana		1	1	-	50	2	2	2	2
Brazil	609	1	12,435	63,417	80,262	87,313	87,169	8,058	842
Brunei Darussalam									
Bulgaria	45,038	69,189	60,360	60,914	40,143	25,655	11,307	3,999	4,049
Burkina Faso	3					83	194		
Burundi		40					-	11	14
Cambodia									15
Cameroon		14	89	171	203	102	143	143	14
Canada	264	659	1,804	4,449	1,968	1,462	2,842	1,621	1,559
Cape Verde									1
Central African Republic	14		17	29	4				
Chad									
Chile			45	137	169	244	232		
China	-	1,010	8,361	64,803	58,835	24,877	22,876	7,548	8,499
China, Hong Kong SAR	3,121	4,090	75,712	74,327	79,572	45,874	35,229	18,536	34,464
China, Macao SAR	1	1		1,258	1,496	1,543	1,151	573	762
Colombia		106	564	117	114	241	438	1,155	2,469
Comoros									-
Congo	162	29		17					
Congo, Democratic Republic of									
Cook Islands									
Costa Rica		1				41	680	700	324
Côte d'Ivoire	35			89	122	6	20	482	707
Croatia				1,627	1,035	2,462	2,603	3,511	6,117
Cuba	7,575	2,523							
Cyprus	2	2,527	3,082	555	1,250	2,952	2,694	3,042	3,277
Czech Republic				8,025	11,671	18,509	18,521	10,641	8,718
Denmark	1,766	1,566	3,634	4,346	3,812	4,184	4,593	4,240	4,195
Djibouti									
Dominica				8	7	13		5	6
Dominican Republic					16	4			
Ecuador	28	26	443	60	37	59	79	10	177
Egypt	175	22	121	44	13		1	16	
El Salvador	1	14	***	597	820	511	14	2	8
Equatorial Guinea									
Eritrea									
Estonia	•••		•••	59	193	577	404	250	65
Ethiopia									
Fiji	66	6	10	1	2	1	-	-	8
Finland	315	3,119	1,307	1,377	3,313	3,765	2,086	553	460
France	3,795	5,627	5,410	8,514	11,172	14,851	14,721	15,795	14,390

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Gabon						30		506	831
Gambia				85		26		35	
Georgia									
Germany	5,002	36,590	65,982	80,344	92,754	80,520	89,198	106,832	112,411
Ghana					235	73	90	160	766
Greece Grenada	34	15	3,352	13,399	22,411	20,277	14,320	15,885	18,621
Guatemala	958	 45	•••	611	580	 3,112	1,280	1,312	1,069
Guinea				7	8		42	54	23
Guinea-Bissau									
Israel	-	86	8	15	25	45	50	90	104
Italy	114	311	417	244	235	211	314	238	283
Jamaica		73	32	14	14	26	32	36	27
Japan	58	159	5,336	13,977	12,517	14,642	11,957	13,536	13,775
Jordan	333	2,018	233	7	3	496	1,519	515	1,973
Kazakhstan				550	2,700	2,000	2,038	502	853
Kenya	45	49	389	5,046	1,963	2,453	2,335	2,124	2,826
Kiribati									
Korea, Democratic People's	***	***	10	3	-	21	21	21	25
Republic of Korea, Republic of	9	468	405	1,513	2,951	2,721	3,283	3,663	8,899
Kuwait	748	1,238	44	8	92	48	3,203	58	
Kyrgyzstan		1,230					3,418	4,032	
Lao People's Democratic								-,032	
Republic									
Latvia				2,128	875	193	247	648	1,386
Lebanon	1	***				21	14	2	
Lesotho									
Liberia									
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	***	***	2			•••	***	***	
Lithuania				146	30	48	2,236	3,810	3,816
Luxembourg								5,756	7,382
Macedonia, The former Yugoslav				1,483	6,167	6,176	3,620	4,688	5,675
Republic of	235	9	2	1	_	5		1	2
Madagascar Malawi		48	4	3			•••		61
Malaysia	1,759	31	614	3,395	 5,321	 9,341	10,221	 13,715	11,171
Maldives									
Mali			4						
Malta	67	458	72	130	263	129	116	158	377
Marshall Islands									
Mauritania									
Mauritius			40	3	5	-	1	-	
Mexico	3	16	765	6,589	10,304	9,779	11,220	8,465	10,063
Micronesia, Federated States of									
Moldova, Republic of					7,212		490	8,691	401
Monaco							•••	•••	
Mongolia		•••			28			•••	
Morocco	1		6			1	10		5
Mozambique	577							•••	
Myanmar									1,239
Namibia Nauru	•••		•••		•••		•••	***	1,239
Nepal						1	 1	 1	
Netherlands	4,973	30,117	69,333	82,180	116,035	118,003	103,722	105,113	101,550
New Zealand	52	156	83	96	108	146	164	181	184
Nicaragua	64				32	50	353	8	2
Niger		261		4	5	2	7		
Nigeria								2	
Niue		***	***				***	***	
Norway	52	7	70	35	34	25	37	37	11
Oman		1,006	152	18,168	18,265	16,730	12,888	9,756	11,590
Pakistan	40	496	796	478	92	47	-	4	22
Palau									
Panama	1	2	54	709	822	849	274	7	-
Papua New Guinea			7						
Paraguay						39	 156	2,875	3,740
Peru			 5 509	907	 2.401	1 027	156	1,130	1,498
Philippines Poland	13	4	5,598	897 4,150	2,401 7,543	1,027 5,719	1,392 6,251	2,814 6,318	3,627 8,776
Portugal	 141	295	229	4,150 266	7,543 316	242	571	2,739	6,697
Puerto Rico		293							
Qatar				 1	 1	 1			
Romania				78	4	5	75	16	71
Russian Federation					4,409	1,238	298	167	545

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Rwanda							36	3	
Saint Kitts and Nevis			***			***			
Saint Lucia							1	1	
Saint Vincent and the									
Grenadines									
Samoa		15	13	14	5	15	15	15	10
San Marino									
Sao Tome and Principe									
Saudi Arabia		1,193	620	25	12	1	7	7	-
Senegal	1,804	3	177	109	18	53	373	539	228
Seychelles			2	5	9	15	14	5	5
Sierra Leone									
Singapore	1,550	1,405	28,445	49,044	56,153	60,844	53,280	30,684	27,562
Slovakia				4,144	2,823	3,507	3,021	3,030	3,638
Slovenia				13,676	1,227	2,328	4,138	4,632	4,831
Solomon Islands									
Somalia									
South Africa	80	150	238	7,200	12,242	14,915	19,331	10,619	20,881
Spain	402	916	837	4,025	3,614	5,308	4,195	5,598	5,210
Sri Lanka		40	376	726	972	1,035	673	459	368
Sudan									
Suriname					1	6	6		
Swaziland									257
Sweden	126	174	91	276	304	1,124	979	618	796
Switzerland	14,583	12,766	14,710	24,822	26,011	21,579	16,827	14,700	17,714
Syrian Arab Republic		1,112	343						
Tajikistan									
Tanzania, United Republic of	1	1,076	309			1,705	130	1,714	10
Thailand		1		100	237	339	696	847	622
Timor Leste									
Togo	9	10	1		15	6	6	6	119
Tokelau									
Tonga			1				-	-	-
Trinidad and Tobago	2	7	26	111	183	166	92	1,356	1,494
Tunisia		30	451	1,043	2,244	2,872	3,030	1,729	1,476
Turkey	13	-	2,827	8,102	21,057	12,270	8,778	9,581	12,269
Turkmenistan									
Tuvalu									
Uganda	29			74	16	94		33	165
Ukraine					10,247	4,577	4,655	8,519	10,248
United Arab Emirates		2,304							
United Kingdom	20,568	41,014	40,759	83,216	87,566	94,835	82,310	73,469	80,642
United States	29,147	81,998	164,301	231,100	243,897	217,004	201,358	151,223	148,261
Uruguay		-	132	185	3,688	7,885	6,803	7,296	7,637
Uzbekistan					18	12	16	1,005	2,800
Vanuatu									
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic		539	6,486	11,897	18,001	15,593	17,129	9,738	4,798
of									
Viet Nam				124	96	188	300	120	120
Yemen	3	36	580	370	500	390	121	147	250
Yugoslavia					5,545	4,200	720	720	100
Zambia							645	18	120
Zimbabwe	1,700	1,800	379	818	1,754	1,761	1,107	1,201	1,395
Czechoslovakia (Former)		800	1						
USSR (Former)	405	947	2,500	5,170		***			
Yugoslavia (Former Socialist	378	4,249	3,019						
Federal Republic)									

Appendix 4: Sources – cigarette production, imports, exports 1970-2000, selected years

		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Afghanistan	Exports		***	***		***	***	***		
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Imports	COMTRADE								
	Production									
Albania	Exports		***		***	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production		UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Algeria	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE			COMTRADE		COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE			COMTRADE
Andone	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Andorra	Exports			***		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports Production		***			COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Angola	Exports	 COMTRADE			•••		***	***		
riigola	Imports	COMTRADE					•••	•••	***	***
	Production	UNSD								
Antigua and Barbuda	Exports								COMTRADE	
G	Imports								COMTRADE	
	Production									
Argentina	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Armenia	Exports								COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports				FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production		CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	UNSD	UNSD
Australia	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Austria	Production	USDA	USDA	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Austria	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports Production	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE ERC	COMTRADE ERC	COMTRADE ERC	COMTRADE ERC	COMTRADE ERC
Azerbaijan	Exports							COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Azerbaijan	Imports				ERC	ERC	ERC	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production		CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	ERC	ERC
Bahamas	Exports						FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production									
Bahrain	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE				
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE				COMTRADE
	Production									
Bangladesh	Exports			FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO		
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Barbados	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Polorus	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD					
Belarus	Exports				***			COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports Production		 UNSD	 UNSD	 UNSD	 UNSD	 UNSD	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE UNSD
Belgium	Exports								COMTRADE	COMTRADE
- o.gium	Imports								COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	ERC
Belize	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Benin	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production									
Bhutan	Exports									
	Imports							COMTRADE	COMTRADE	
	Production				***				***	
Bolivia	Exports	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Description of the Control of the Co	Production	UNSD	***	UNSD	UNSD	***				
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Exports						ERC		ERC	
	Imports		***				ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
	Production		***	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC

		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Botswana	Exports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production		•••			•••				
Brazil	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports Production	COMTRADE	 USDA	 USDA	COMTRADE	COMTRADE USDA	COMTRADE USDA	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Brunei Darussalam	Exports						COMTRADE			
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE			COMTRADE	COMTRADE		
	Production	***							***	
Bulgaria	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
B 11 - E	Production	UNSD	UNSD	ERC	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Burkina Faso	Exports	COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	FAO	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	***	•••
	Imports Production		UNSD	UNSD	ECOWAS	ECOWAS	COMTRADE ECOWAS			
Burundi	Exports		FAO					FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	***	FAO
	Production		UNSD	UNSD						
Cambodia	Exports					FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports								***	***
Comoron	Production	UNSD								
Cameroon	Exports Imports	 COMTRADE	FAO COMTRADE	FAO FAO	FAO COMTRADE	FAO COMTRADE	FAO COMTRADE	FAO COMTRADE	FAO COMTRADE	FAO COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD							
Canada	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	ERC	UNSD	UNSD
Cape Verde	Exports									FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Central African Republic	Production Exports	 COMTRADE		FAO	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE				
Central Amean Republic	Imports	COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE				
	Production		UNSD	UNSD	UNSD					
Chad	Exports	COMTRADE								
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD					
Chile	Exports			COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports Production	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
China	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA
China, Hong Kong SAR	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Ohios Massa OAD	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	USDA	USDA
China, Macao SAR	Exports Imports	FAO FAO	FAO FAO	 COMTRADE	COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production			UNSD	UNSD	UNSD				
Colombia	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Comoros	Exports	***	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports Production				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Congo	Exports	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE		 COMTRADE					
'0=	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD					***	***
Congo, Democratic Republic of	Exports	***							***	***
	Imports	FAO					FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Cook Islanda	Production Exports	UNSD	UNSD	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Cook Islands	EXDOUR			FAO	FAO	FAO	 EAO	 EAO	 EAO	 EAO
	•				FAU	FAU	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports		FAO							
Costa Rica	Imports Production	•••					 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE
Costa Rica	Imports						 COMTRADE FAO	 COMTRADE FAO	 COMTRADE FAO	 COMTRADE FAO
Costa Rica	Imports Production Exports		 COMTRADE		 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Costa Rica Côte d'Ivoire	Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports	 FAO COMTRADE	 COMTRADE FAO		COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE	 COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE
	Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports Imports	FAO COMTRADE	 COMTRADE FAO 		COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE	FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE
Côte d'Ivoire	Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports Production	FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE FAO UNSD	 ERC	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC	FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC				
	Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports	FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE FAO UNSD	 ERC	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC COMTRADE					
Côte d'Ivoire	Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports	FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE FAO UNSD	 ERC 	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC COMTRADE COMTRADE COMTRADE	FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC			
Côte d'Ivoire	Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports Imports Production Exports	FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE FAO UNSD	 ERC	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC COMTRADE COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC COMTRADE COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC COMTRADE COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC COMTRADE COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC COMTRADE	COMTRADE FAO COMTRADE COMTRADE ERC COMTRADE COMTRADE COMTRADE

		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Djibouti	Exports Imports	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE COMTRADE						
	Production									
Dominica	Exports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production		UNSD							
Dominican Republic	Exports		COMTRADE			COMTRADE	COMTRADE			
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	
Ecuador	Exports	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE			COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD		UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	
Egypt	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO		FAO	FAO	
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
El Salvador	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
El Salvadol	Exports	COMTRADE FAO	COMTRADE FAO	FAO	COMTRADE FAO	COMTRADE FAO	COMTRADE FAO	COMTRADE FAO	COMTRADE FAO	COMTRADE FAO
	Imports									
Equatorial Guinea	Production Exports	UNSD	UNSD		UNSD	UNSD			***	
Equatorial Guirlea	Imports		***	***	***	***	***	***	***	•••
	Production									
Eritrea	Exports									
200	Imports									
	Production									
Estonia	Exports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production			UNSD	UNSD	UNSD				
Ethiopia	Exports									
	Imports				COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Fiji	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Finland	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
F	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
France	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	COMTRADE	USDA
Gabon	Production Exports						COMTRADE	USDA 	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Cabon	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD					
Gambia	Exports				COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production									
Georgia	Exports			•••	•••	•••			COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports				ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	
	Production		CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	UNSD	UNSD
Germany	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA
Chana	Euro-t-					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Ghana	Exports Imports	FAO	FAO			FAO	FAO	FAO		FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	ECOWAS	ECOWAS	ECOWAS			
Greece	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE
Ciccoc	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	UNSD	UNSD
Grenada	Exports									
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production		UNSD	UNSD						
Guatemala	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD						
Haiti	Exports									
	Imports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD						
Honduras	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Hungary	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO		FAO	
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
looland	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Iceland	Exports Imports	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE
	Production									
	i iouuolioii	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***

		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
India	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Indonesia	Exports Imports	 COMTRADE	COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA
Iran, Islamic Republic of	Exports	FAO					FAO	FAO		
,	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO			FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD		
Iraq	Exports									
	Imports		***		***				***	
	Production									
Ireland	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Israel	Production Exports	UNSD FAO	UNSD FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO
isiaci	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD				
Italy	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA
Jamaica	Exports		COMTRADE	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
lana.	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Japan	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports Production	FAO	FAO USDA	FAO USDA	FAO USDA	FAO	FAO USDA	FAO USDA	FAO	FAO USDA
Jordan	Exports	USDA COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	USDA FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	USDA COMTRADE	COMTRADE
ordan	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD				
Kazakhstan	Exports				FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports		***		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production		CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	UNSD	UNSD
Kenya	Exports	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
16.3	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD				
Kiribati	Exports				FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	
	Imports	***	***	***	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Korea, Democratic People's	Production Exports			FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Republic of										
	Imports Production			FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Korea, Republic of	Exports	 COMTRADE	COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE
riorda, riopabilo di	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA
Kuwait	Exports	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production									
Kyrgyzstan	Exports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	
	Imports	•••	•••	•••	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	•••	COMTRADE	FAO	
Lao People's Democratic	Production		CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	UNSD
Republic	Exports	FAO								
	Imports	FAO								FAO
	Production	UNSD			UNSD					
Latvia	Exports				FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports				FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production			UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	
Lebanon	Exports	COMTRADE	•••	•••	•••	•••	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Lesotho	Production Exports	UNSD	***	***	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
	Imports			***						
	Production									
Liberia	Exports	COMTRADE								
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production		UNSD							
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	Exports			COMTRADE						
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	***	***
1.00	Production	UNSD	UNSD							
Lithuania	Exports	***	•••		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production			UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD

		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Luxembourg	Exports					***		***	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production									
	Imports								COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Macedonia, The former Yugoslav	Exports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Republic of	Imports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production			ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Madagascar	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO		FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	***	
Malawi	Exports		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE					COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD		•••
Malaysia	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Maldives	Production Exports	UNSD 	UNSD 	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC FAO	ERC
Maidives	Imports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE			
	Production									
Mali	Exports	COMTRADE		COMTRADE						
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE			
	Production	***		UNSD	UNSD	UNSD			***	
Malta	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD							
Marshall Islands	Exports	•••		•••	•••		•••			
	Imports	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***	***
Mauritania	Production Exports									
Madriania	Imports	FAO		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production									
Mauritius	Exports			FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Mexico	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Micronesia, Federated States of	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Micronesia, i ederated States of	Exports Imports									
	Production									
Moldova, Republic of	Exports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
•	Imports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	***	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	UNSD
Monaco	Exports									
	Imports					•••		•••		•••
Managelia	Production	***	***	***	***		***		***	
Mongolia	Exports Imports					COMTRADE COMTRADE				COMTRADE
	Production									
Morocco	Exports	 COMTRADE		COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production		UNSD	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Mozambique	Exports	FAO								
	Imports	FAO								
Mariana	Production		UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Myanmar	Exports	COMTRADE		•••						
	Imports	COMTRADE			National statistics	National statistics	National statistics	National statistics	National statistics	
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Namibia	Exports									FAO
	Imports	***			***				***	FAO
Neuro	Production				***					
Nauru	Exports									
	Imports Production	***	***	•••	***	***	•••	***	***	***
Nepal	Exports			***	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	
• **	Imports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	National	National	National	National	National	National	National	National	National
Netherlands	F	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics
Netherlands	Exports Imports	USDA	USDA	USDA USDA	USDA USDA	USDA	USDA COMTRADE	USDA COMTRADE	USDA	USDA COMTRADE
	Production	USDA USDA	USDA USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA USDA	USDA	USDA	COMTRADE USDA	USDA
New Zealand	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	ERC

		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Nicaragua	Exports Production	COMTRADE 	COMTRADE 			COMTRADE 	COMTRADE 	COMTRADE 	COMTRADE 	COMTRADE
Niger	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		
· ugo.	Imports	COMTRADE	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		
	Production									
Nigeria	Exports	COMTRADE							COMTRADE	
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production			UNSD	ECOWAS					
Niue	Exports									
	Imports									
	Production									
Norway	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports Production	FAO	FAO USDA	FAO ERC	FAO ERC	FAO ERC	FAO ERC	FAO ERC	FAO ERC	FAO ERC
Oman	Exports		FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Oman	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production									
Pakistan	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Palau	Exports									
	Imports									
Danasa	Production									
Panama	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports Production	FAO UNSD	FAO UNSD	FAO UNSD	FAO UNSD	FAO UNSD	FAO UNSD	FAO UNSD	FAO 	FAO
Papua New Guinea	Exports			COMTRADE				COMTRADE		 COMTRADE
r apad New Camea	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production									
Paraguay	Exports						COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD						
Peru	Exports					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Dhilippings	Production		UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Philippines	Exports Imports	FAO FAO	COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE COMTRADE	COMTRADE COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA
Poland	Exports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA
Portugal	Exports	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Puerto Rico	Exports	•••			•••		•••		•••	
	Imports Production	***	***		***	***	***	***	***	
Qatar	Exports				FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Quita	Imports		FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	
	Production									
Romania	Exports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports			COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production			UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD			
Russian Federation	Exports					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports Production		 CIS	 CIS	 CIS	COMTRADE CIS	COMTRADE CIS	COMTRADE CIS	COMTRADE UNSD	COMTRADE UNSD
Rwanda	Exports						COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production									
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Exports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	
	Imports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production									***
Saint Lucia	Exports					•••		FAO	FAO	
	Imports	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	Production Exports		 COMTRADE						 COMTRADE	
Can't vincent and the Grenddines	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	COMTRADE	 COMTRADE
	Production									
Samoa	Exports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production									
San Marino	Exports									
	Imports									
	Production									

		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Sao Tome and Principe	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO			
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO			***
	Production									
Saudi Arabia	Exports		FAO COMTRADE	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	
Senegal	Production Exports	FAO	FAO	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE
Genegal	Imports	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD		ECOWAS	ECOWAS	ECOWAS			
Seychelles	Exports			FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Sierra Leone	Exports									
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	
0.	Production	UNSD	UNSD		ECOWAS					
Singapore	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Slovakia	Production Exports	UNSD	UNSD	***	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE
Giovania	Imports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production			UNSD	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Slovenia	Exports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports				COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production			UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Solomon Islands	Exports						***			
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	***
	Production						***			***
Somalia	Exports									
	Imports									
South Africa	Production									
South Africa	Exports Imports	FAO FAO	FAO FAO	FAO FAO	FAO National	FAO National	FAO National	FAO National	FAO National	FAO National
	imports	FAO	TAO	TAO	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA
Spain	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	ERC
	Production	UNSD		UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Sri Lanka	Exports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Sudan	Production Exports	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Gudan	Imports	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE		 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE		
	Production	UNSD								
Suriname	Exports					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE		COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD				
Swaziland	Exports									COMTRADE
	Imports									COMTRADE
	Production		***	***	***	***		***	•••	
Sweden	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Switzerland	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Ownizerianu	Exports Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Syrian Arab Republic	Exports		COMTRADE	COMTRADE						
,	Imports	FAO	FAO		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Tajikistan	Exports									COMTRADE
	Imports		***	***	***	***		***		COMTRADE
	Production		CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	UNSD
Tanzania, United Republic of	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	***	***	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Theiland	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD			
Thailand	Exports		COMTRADE		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Timor Leste	Production Exports	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
THILUI LESIG	•						•••		•••	
	Imports Production						•••		•••	
Togo	Exports	 COMTRADE	FAO	FAO		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
- y -	Imports	COMTRADE	FAO	FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production									

		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Tokelau	Exports									
	Imports									
	Production									
Tonga	Exports			FAO				FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports		COMTRADE	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production									
Trinidad and Tobago	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Tunisia	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Turnsia	Exports Imports	***	FAO FAO	FAO FAO	FAO FAO	FAO FAO	FAO FAO	FAO FAO	FAO FAO	FAO FAO
	Production	 UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Turkey	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports			COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	National	National	National	National	National	National		
	_		statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics		
Turkmenistan	Exports									COMTRADE
	Imports				ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Turali	Production									
Tuvalu	Exports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	
	Imports		FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Uganda	Production Exports	FAO			 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE		 COMTRADE	 COMTRADE
- gai iaa	Imports	FAO			COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	 COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	 UNSD	 UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	
Ukraine	Exports					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports					COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production		UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
United Arab Emirates	Exports		FAO							
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production									
United Kingdom	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	National	National	National	National	National	National
United States	Evporto	USDA	USDA	USDA	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics	statistics
Officed States	Exports Imports	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA USDA	USDA USDA	USDA USDA	USDA USDA	USDA USDA	USDA USDA
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA
Uruguay	Exports		FAO	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
Oragady	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production	UNSD		ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Uzbekistan	Exports					ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
	Imports				ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
	Production		CIS	CIS	CIS	CIS	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
Vanuatu	Exports									
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production									
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of	Exports		COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA		
Viet Nam	Exports				FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports		 National	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production		National	National statistics	National statistics	National statistics	National statistics	National statistics	National statistics	
Yemen	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production			UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD			
Yugoslavia	Exports					FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports				FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Production				UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD
Zambia	Exports	COMTRADE			COMTRADE			COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Imports	COMTRADE			COMTRADE			COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE
	Production	UNSD	UNSD							
Zimbabwe	Exports	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
	Imports			FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO	FAO
Czechoslovakia (Former)	Production Exports	USDA	USDA	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC	ERC
OZECIOSIOVAKIA (FUITIEI)	Imports	FAO	FAO FAO	FAO FAO						
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD						
USSR (Former)	Exports	USDA	USDA	USDA	 USDA					
	Imports	USDA	USDA	USDA	USDA					
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD	USDA					
Yugoslavia (Former Socialist	Exports	COMTRADE	COMTRADE	COMTRADE						
Federal Republic)										
•	Imports	FAO	FAO	FAO						
	Production	UNSD	UNSD	UNSD						

Appendix 5: Total cigarette consumption estimates, 1970-2000, selected years (3 year-moving-average, million pieces)

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Afghanistan									
Albania					1,432		1,733	1,927	2,246
Algeria	6,362	15,234	17,403	17,450	17,032	16,797	17,269	17,719	17,637
Andorra									
Angola	2,425								
Antigua and Barbuda									
Argentina	30,574	37,549	32,597	39,879	39,530	39,723	39,710	39,167	38,676
Armenia						***		3,979	3,979
Australia	27,743	35,020	35,206	30,349	29,050	27,803	27,572	26,277	25,796
Austria	13,406	15,740	14,369	14,299	13,353	12,723	11,587	11,321	11,100
Azerbaijan				3,273	3,400	3,215	4,104	3,862	4,363
Bahamas									
Bahrain									
Bangladesh	16,394	14,213	13,369	15,478	17,442	18,257	19,351	19,706	19,753
Barbados	154	146	114	106					
Belarus							19,916	18,798	18,877
Belgium	18,376	19,704	20,052	18,082	16,633	15,101	15,463	15,775	15,486
Belize	95	141	117						
Benin									
Bhutan									
Bolivia									
Bosnia and Herzegovina	***					3,470	3,999	4,529	4,877
Botswana									
Brazil	74,104	137,995	154,641	106,153	102,828	93,695	94,113	96,797	105,474
Brunei Darussalam	,								
Bulgaria	11,533	17,066	17,526	15,503	16,371	19,037	20,518	22,182	22,307
Burkina Faso	228	1,077	1,115	995	1,055	1,094	,	,	,_,
Burundi						1,004		•••	
Cambodia									
Cameroon	1,078	1,283							
Canada	50,959	67,094	44,888	48,489	46,862	46,752	46,099	 45,444	44,982
Cape Verde			,000		-10,002	-10,702			,502
Central African Republic		411							
Chad	***		***			***		•••	***
Chile	 7,447	10,644	9,953	 11,192	11,753	12,285	12,859	13,064	
China	371,110	765,762	1,617,078	1,681,181	1,683,169	1,678,086	1,683,730	1,695,221	1,706,334
China, Hong Kong SAR	7,951	9,461							
China, Macao SAR									
Colombia	21,004	22,189	13,643	12,091	12,668	14,193	15,970	 16,715	 17,171
Comoros									
Congo	950	713	 655	•••		•••			
Congo, Democratic Republic of	4,078	3,123	3,893	3,008	3,375	3,148	2,976	2,733	2,820
Cook Islands									
Costa Rica									
Côte d'Ivoire	2,418	3,765	2,096	2,370	2,583	2,745	 2,775	2,693	2,604
Croatia				10,694	9,995	9,625	9,210	8,758	8,445
Cuba									
Cyprus	•••	***	***			***			
Czech Republic		•••	•••	 19,274	 15,494	13,722	12,563		
Denmark	 7,461	 8,115	7,933	8,294	8,488	8,507	8,357	8,126	8,027
Djibouti Dominica				•••					
Dominica Dominican Republic	2,158	3,396	4,398	4,351	 4,117	4,121	4,057	4,082	
Ecuador	1,602	3,932		1,973			1,946	2,086	
			41.072		1,698	1,788			 E1 00E
Egypt El Salvador	14,152	33,945	41,072	42,524	46,152	49,343	51,008	52,000	51,995
El Salvador	2,061	2,472		1,699	1,699			•••	
Equatorial Guinea									
Eritrea				2.460	2.460				
Estonia				2,460	2,460				
Ethiopia		 EC4				470			
Fiji	412	564	520	498	486	472	475	443	440
Finland	6,738	5,148	7,411	5,507	4,499	4,172	4,582	4,843	4,951
France	70,842	90,912	98,525	97,733	93,675	91,207	89,589	84,819	84,572

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Gabon		475	393	333				***	
Gambia									
Georgia									
Germany	145,058	155,117	144,687	137,731	133,388	121,666	124,828	124,620	125,679
Ghana	1,596	1,824	1,849	1,662	1,693	1,683			
Greece	17,187	25,767	28,893	34,197	31,892	31,144	31,857	30,924	29,025
Grenada			•••			•••			
Guatemala	2,141	2,425		1,981	2,123		3,490	3,557	3,500
Guinea Guinea-Bissau									
Guyana	 499	 581	 274						
Haiti	395	1,065	1,091			•••			
Honduras	1,588	2,337	2,670	2,390	2,393			3,534	3,534
Hungary	23,175	27,227	25,969	23,592	20,919	20,714		22,359	22,359
Iceland	331	397	496	479	488	466	457	431	431
India	63,792	79,023	58,206	69,839	73,249	75,631	77,733	74,920	74,537
Indonesia	33,983	81,761	127,975	165,633	178,297	190,038	195,586	201,469	203,779
Iran, Islamic Republic of	12,769	22,999	22,136	29,192	29,943	30,521			
Iraq						•••			
Ireland	5,108	6,743	6,309	6,579	6,243	6,357	6,313	6,796	6,854
Israel	4,062	5,797	7,478	8,387	8,143				
Italy	73,733	100,061	96,144	91,886	90,770	92,445	94,035	96,500	100,609
Jamaica	1,347	1,195	1,291	1,235	1,198	1,176	1,128	1,074	1,038
Japan	226,242	311,269	309,275	317,550	319,851	329,633	328,487	331,889	319,705
Jordan Kazakhstan	1,303	2,412	3,019	4,280 16,676	4,306 19,487	22,013	22,051	21,085	20,873
Kenya	2,538	 4,617	6,432	4,825	4,742	22,013	22,031		
Kiribati	2,000	,017		-,025					
Korea, Democratic People's	•••	•••	•••			•••	•••	•••	
Republic of									
Korea, Republic of	43,385	68,515	95,438	100,520	101,799	103,549	102,615	101,456	98,664
Kuwait	2,011	2,957	2,034	3,030	2,812	2,735	2,740	2,421	2,088
Kyrgyzstan		***				***		***	
Lao People's Democratic									
Republic									
Latvia Lebanon			•••	•••	•••	•••			
Lesotho		•••	•••					***	
Liberia		290							
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1,925	5,262							
Lithuania				6,869	7,572	8,012	7,750	6,256	5,456
Luxembourg									
Macedonia, The former Yugoslav									
Republic of				•••	3,679	3,786	3,619	3,795	3,693
Madagascar	1,043	2,049	1,941	2,447	2,726	3,047	3,085		
Malawi	453	642	1,020	1,018	1,052	1,087	1,112		
Malaysia	8,655	16,675	18,214	19,351	19,561	19,398	19,138	18,849	18,258
Maldives		***		•••	•••	•••			
Mali Malta	492	 750	1,043						
Marshall Islands			•••			•••		•••	
Mauritania		•••	•••			***		***	
Mauritius	621	1,046	1,026	 1,271	1,222	1,163	1,134	1,132	1,158
Mexico	40,797	53,983	50,574	49,720	49,321	48,975	49,488	49,174	49,130
Micronesia, Federated States of									
Moldova, Republic of									
Monaco									
Mongolia						•••			
Morocco		13,129	14,039	14,564	14,352	14,496	14,251	14,052	13,817
Mozambique									
Myanmar						•••			
Namibia									
Nauru									
Nepal Netharlanda	1,143	2,121	6,660	7,924	8,118	7,881	7,421	7,052	6,866
Netherlands	20,749	28,311	22,887	25,765	22,664	20,720	25,813	33,005	35,979
New Zealand	5,227	6,151	4,208	3,470	3,478	3,457	3,274	3,093	3,007
Nicaragua Nicar									
Niger		•••	 0.700	0.794				•••	
Nigeria Niue		•••	9,790	9,784				•••	
Norway	•••	2,493	3,051	2,654	2,714	2,672	2,669	2,607	2,645
Itolway		۷,433	3,031	2,004	۷,/۱۲	2,012	2,003	2,007	2,043

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Oman									
Pakistan	23,406	33,800	30,920	37,718	41,291	46,613	48,676	48,938	52,280
Palau									
Panama									
Papua New Guinea									
Paraguay	1,640	2,626	4,006						
Peru		3,805	2,573	3,195	3,338	3,446	3,248	3,057	2,840
Philippines	40,917	58,889	66,955	70,674	69,122	75,051	71,910	72,967	73,958
Poland	73,188	92,151	91,984	93,699	92,460	89,953	90,112	84,821	77,117
Portugal	8,922	13,257	16,765	16,943	16,872	17,063	16,994	17,215	16,956
Puerto Rico						***			
Qatar									
Romania				29,999	31,213	28,318			
Russian Federation					225,243	245,343	282,262	308,963	320,673
Rwanda									
Saint Kitts and Nevis									
Saint Lucia									
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines									
Samoa									
San Marino									
Sao Tome and Principe									
Saudi Arabia			•••						
Senegal		3,006		1,603	1,732	1,565		•••	
Seychelles		88	 77	75	87	90	 73	 58	 51
Sierra Leone									
Singapore	3,438	4,302							
Slovakia			***	8,337	9,088	9,710	10,100	9,123	8,816
Slovenia			***		4,890	4,847	4,755	4,636	4,574
Solomon Islands	23	30	 25	 127	148	143	147	145	
Somalia									
South Africa	16,050	25,920	37,360	 34,447	33,167	31,747	29,960	28,333	26,847
Spain	55,746		79,870	82,681	82,332	86,327	90,082	95,262	96,003
•		 F 00F							
Sri Lanka Sudan	3,109	5,095	5,154	5,256	5,134	5,214	5,111	5,045	4,791
		 4E2	400	 EG1	 617	•••			
Suriname	229	452	499	561	617				
Swaziland						7.004			 7.000
Sweden	10,493	12,520	11,713	9,163	8,238	7,621	7,137	7,476	7,839
Switzerland	16,001	15,214	17,161	17,192	16,878	17,053	17,217	17,396	17,196
Syrian Arab Republic	2,786	8,248	6,887	10,631	10,712	10,662	11,047	11,268	11,479
Tajikistan							***		
Tanzania, United Republic of	2,769	3,285	3,546	3,633	3,492	3,384	•••		
Thailand	15,698	30,447	38,900	47,270	46,996	44,140	39,457	36,451	36,440
Timor Leste									
Togo									
Tokelau									
Tonga						•••	•••		
Trinidad and Tobago	824	986	760	784	992	1,251	1,184	964	647
Tunisia		6,004	8,351	9,212	9,525	9,646	10,459	11,361	11,678
Turkey	40,431	54,489	76,748	90,004	88,972	90,545	93,794	•••	
Turkmenistan						•••	•••		
Tuvalu									
Uganda	1,543			1,568	1,661	1,780	1,777	1,779	
Ukraine					51,889	55,554	57,394	54,239	49,916
United Arab Emirates						***			
United Kingdom	123,228	115,192	97,481	102,681	91,741	90,043	85,474	77,973	74,591
United States	549,472	637,450	535,597	515,201	514,564	503,461	486,094	470,935	463,745
Uruguay	3,141			2,869	2,862	2,865	3,368	3,504	3,563
Uzbekistan				6,980	8,184	8,053	8,889	7,857	7,798
Vanuatu									
Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of			16,010	16,759					
Viet Nam				60,569	60,646	57,059	53,711	54,330	
Yemen			5,902	5,900	6,397	6,494			
Yugoslavia					7,289	9,586	11,270	14,480	14,630
Zambia	1,122	1,207							
Zimbabwe	1,963	1,882	2,547	1,995	1,878	2,008	2,671	3,119	3,369
	,	,	*-	,	,	,	,-	-, -	-,
Czechoslovakia (Former)	27,831	29,725	28,099			•••		<u></u>	
USSR (Former)	375,256	424,624	389,116	361,875					
Yugoslavia (Former Socialist	-,	,-	-, -	,					
Federal Republic)	32,476	53,845	52,972			•••			
	, -								

Appendix 6: Per capita cigarette consumption estimates, 1970-2000, selected years (3 year-moving-average)

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Afghanistan									
Albania					659		796	882	1,027
Algeria	882	1,518	1,204	1,027	974	929	926	925	907
Andorra									
Angola	753								
Antigua and Barbuda									
Argentina	1,790	1,924	1,445	1,614	1,573	1,555	1,530	1,486	1,456
Armenia								1,389	1,389
Australia	3,071	3,215	2,671	2,141	2,021	1,906	1,863	1,752	1,708
Austria	2,368	2,620	2,250	2,156	2,004	1,903	1,728	1,684	1,650
Azerbaijan				636	647	600	749	691	774
Bahamas									
Bahrain									
Bangladesh	448	298	210	211	232	236	243	241	234
Barbados	1,014	832	586	523					
Belarus							2,422	2,281	2,285
Belgium	2,484	2,494	2,457	2,175	1,994	1,802	1,838	1,868	1,830
Belize	1,442	1,826	1,131						
Benin									
Bhutan									
Bolivia									
Bosnia and Herzegovina						1,207	1,350	1,465	1,546
Botswana									
Brazil	1,319	1,834	1,601	976	925	824	808	813	869
Brunei Darussalam	.,								
Bulgaria	1,752	2,473	2,526	2,254	2,391	2,795	3,029	3,293	3,322
Burkina Faso	76	302	241	188	194	199			
Burundi									
Cambodia									
Cameroon	278	263							
Canada	3,313	3,544	2,045	2,075	1,980	1,951	1,900	1,850	1,820
Cape Verde			2,040	2,070					
Central African Republic		304							
Chad	***		•••	***	•••	•••	***	***	•••
Chile	1,273	1,436	1,087	 1,116	 1,152	 1,185	 1,221	1,230	
China	733	1,186	1,937	1,875	1,853	1,824	1,806	1,794	1,780
China, Hong Kong SAR	3,146	2,530							
China, Macao SAR									•••
Colombia	1,689	1,316	612	 478	489	535	 589	604	614
Comoros									
Congo	1,312	 776	 538						
Congo, Democratic Republic of									109
Cook Islands	354	215	204	127	139	128	119	107	
Costa Rica									
	704								
Côte d'Ivoire Croatia	791	821	306	297	314	324	318	300	285
				2,861	2,659	2,549	2,429	2,303	2,218
Cuba	***	•••	•••						
Cyprus					4.005				
Czech Republic	4.000	2.002	4 004	2,294	1,835	1,616	1,476	4.074	4 047
Denmark	1,966	2,002	1,861	1,920	1,962	1,963	1,927	1,871	1,847
Djibouti		•••	•••						
Dominica									
Dominican Republic	912	1,033	1,000	890	820	800	767	762	
Ecuador	474	849		272	226	232	245	259	
Egypt	674	1,282	1,217	1,111	1,174	1,221	1,229	1,219	1,201
El Salvador	1,050	980	•••	472	472				
Equatorial Guinea									
Eritrea									
Estonia				2,092	2,092				
Etiopía			***		***			***	
Fiji	1,372	1,460	1,155	1,011	965	920	908	833	819
Finland	1,929	1,351	1,842	1,333	1,083	998	1,091	1,148	1,171
France	1,847	2,172	2,178	2,089	1,990	1,927	1,882	1,772	1,757

	1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Gabon		1,043	666	506					
Gambia									
Georgia									
Germany	2,410	2,431	2,170	2,015	1,945	1,768	1,810	1,803	1,814
Ghana	336	307	223	171	168	164			
Greece	2,592	3,464	3,521	3,938	3,639	3,520	3,576	3,452	3,230
Grenada									
Guatemala	742	651		361	382		571	572	553
Guinea									
Guinea-Bissau									
Guyana	1,330	1,296	591						
Haiti	323	335	280						
Honduras	1,167	1,244	985	757	745			960	960
Hungary	2,820	3,257	3,140	2,823	2,503	2,480		2,697	2,697
Iceland	2,374	2,402	2,596	2,368	2,385	2,253	2,182	2,035	2,013
India	191	187	108	116	119	121	121	114	112
Indonesia	483	911	1,096	1,255	1,321	1,379	1,388	1,400	1,388
Iran, Islamic Republic of	790	1,050	678	792	789	791			
Iraq									
Ireland	2,497	2,859	2,467	2,405	2,246	2,245	2,186	2,316	2,316
Israel	2,063	2,304	2,406	2,223	2,118				
Italy	1,811	2,282	2,016	1,886	1,857	1,886	1,914	1,960	2,041
Jamaica	1,350	937	840	755	721	698	659	618	592
Japan	2,835	3,486	3,068	3,012	3,013	3,086	3,059	3,076	2,950
Jordan	1,449	2,129	1,734	1,725	1,686				
Kazakhstan				1,428	1,667	1,880	1,879	1,791	1,771
Kenya	429	565	541	329	316				
Kiribati									
Korea, Democratic People's									
Republic of									
Korea, Republic of	2,304	2,721	3,002	2,916	2,909	2,915	2,848	2,778	2,668
Kuwait	4,644	3,633	1,512	3,003	2,777	2,584	2,409	2,000	1,616
Kyrgyzstan									
Lao People's Democratic									
Republic									
Latvia									
Lebanon									
Lesotho			•••						
Liberia		273	***		***			•••	***
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1,729	3,231							
Lithuania	•••	•••	***	2,360	2,595	2,736	2,635	2,116	1,839
Luxembourg	•••	•••	***						
Macedonia, The former Yugoslav					2,443	2,497	2,354	2,441	2,360
Republic of	200	440	205	220	247	277	270		
Madagascar	269 185	410	295 205	320	347	377	376		
Malawi		198 1,999		190	193 1,487	194	196	1 222	1 262
Malaysia	1,415		1,608	1,509		1,433	1,378	1,322	1,262
Maldives									
Mali Malta	2.220	2.000	220						
Marshall Islands	2,236	3,008			***		•••		
Mauritania Mauritius	1 216	1 602	1 201	 1 E7E	 1,491	1 400	1 246	1 226	1 240
	1,316	1,682	1,381	1,575		1,400	1,346	1,326	1,349
Mexico	1,484	1,456	988	846	819	794	783	761	752
Micronesia, Federated States of Moldova, Republic of									
Monaco									
Mongolia Morgogo		1 102		 0E2		903	760	720	 717
Morocco		1,193	933	852	817	803	769	739	717
Mozambique									
Myanmar									
Namibia									
Nauru							 E7E		
Nepal Netherlands	159	245	622	659	660	626	575	533	512
Netherlands	2,172	2,581	1,872	2,044	1,789	1,623	2,011	2,559	2,775
New Zealand	2,687	2,695	1,633	1,252	1,241	1,221	1,146	1,073	1,038
Nicaragua	•••			***		***	***	•••	
Niger	•••				•••	***	***		***
Nigeria			212	185					
Niue									
Norway	•••	784	888	756	770	755	751	730	739

Politection		1970	1980	1990	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Position	Oman									
Pelanama										
Penama										
Polamed 3,099 3,400 3,222 3,145 3,074 2,961 2,099 2,743 2,473 2,473 2,474 2,676 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,053 2,071 2,073 2,071 2,073 2,071 2,073 2,071 2,073 2,071 2,073 2,071 2,073 2,071 2,										
Postugal 1,440										
Puerto Rico										
Cases	•		1,835							2,036
Romanin										
Russian Foseration										
Remarks		•••			1,663					
Saint Rusin and Nevis						1,916	2,081	2,385	2,598	2,691
Saint Uraine		•••						•••	•••	
Samt Vincent and the Grenadines									•••	
Samos										
San Harinon	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines								•••	
Sao Tome and Principe	Samoa									
Sauch Arabia										
Senegal	Sao Tome and Principe									
Seynthelias	Saudi Arabia									
Seynthelians	Senegal		995		351	371	330			
Serral Loone	•									
Singapore 2,658 2,440 2,076 2,233 2,363 2,363 2,219 2,035 2,742 2,786 2,786	•									
Sovarkia										
Slovenia										2 039
Solomon Islands										
Somalia										
South Africa 1,220 1,528 1,664 1,345 1,264 2,182 1,091 1,011 941 Spain 2,278 2,520 2,496 2,499 2,572 2,669 2,680 2,826 St Lanka 415 536 446 414 397 395 330 368 344 346 347 395 330 368 344 347										
Spain 2,278 2,520 2,496 2,469 2,572 2,698 2,810 2,826 Sri Lanka 415 536 446 414 2,008 2,575 395 380 369 344 Sudan										
Sri Lanka 415 536 446 414 397 395 380 369 344 Sudan .			1,528							
Sudan	•									
Suriname		415	536	446	414	397	395	380	369	344
Swaziland .										
Sweden 1,644 1,874 1,668 1,280 1,148 1,060 991 1,036 1,085 Switzerland 3,377 2,997 3,021 2,916 2,861 2,871 2,892 2,2172 2,880 Syrian Arab Republic 854 1,834 1,062 1,357 1,313 1,255 1,249 1,224 1,223 Tajikistan		1,186	2,155	1,943	2,088	2,285				
Switzerland 3,377 2,997 3,021 2,916 2,851 2,871 2,892 2,917 2,880 Syrian Arab Republic 854 1,834 1,062 1,357 1,313 1,255 1,249 1,224 1,223 Tajkistan										
Syrian Arab Republic 854 1,834 1,062 1,357 1,313 1,255 1,249 1,224 1,223 Tajikistan	Sweden	1,644	1,874	1,668	1,280	1,148	1,060	991	1,036	1,085
Tajikistan	Switzerland	3,377	2,997	3,021	2,916	2,851	2,871	2,892	2,917	2,880
Tanzania, United Republic of Thalland 373 333 254 218 204 194	Syrian Arab Republic	854	1,834	1,062	1,357	1,313	1,255	1,249	1,224	1,223
Thailand 774 1,087 1,043 1,128 1,099 1,014 889 805 798 Timor Leste <td>Tajikistan</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Tajikistan									
Thailain	Tanzania, United Republic of	373	333	254	218	204	194			
Togo <td>Thailand</td> <td>774</td> <td>1,087</td> <td>1,043</td> <td>1,128</td> <td>1,099</td> <td>1,014</td> <td>889</td> <td>805</td> <td>798</td>	Thailand	774	1,087	1,043	1,128	1,099	1,014	889	805	798
Togo <td>Timor Leste</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Timor Leste									
Tokelau										
Tonga 1,388 939 890 1,104 1,362 1,271 1,019 673 Turkisia 1,594 1,637 1,562 1,574 1,551 1,644 1,746 1,775 Turkey 1,914 2,006 2,101 2,164 2,084 2,068 2,118 Turkeneistan										
Trinidad and Tobago 1,452 1,388 939 890 1,104 1,362 1,271 1,019 673 Tunisia 1,594 1,637 1,562 1,574 1,551 1,644 1,746 1,775 Turkey 1,914 2,006 2,101 2,164 2,084 2,068 2,118 Turkey 1,914 2,006 2,101 2,164 2,084 2,068 2,118 Turkey 1,914 2,006 2,101 2,164 2,084 2,068 2,118 Turkey 1,914 2,006 2,101 2,166 2,084 2,068 2,018 3,179 <										
Tunisia 1,594 1,637 1,562 1,574 1,551 1,644 1,746 1,775 Turkey 1,914 2,006 2,101 2,164 2,084 2,088 2,118 Turkmenistan <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•									
Turkey 1,914 2,006 2,101 2,164 2,084 2,068 2,118 Turknenistan <										
Turkmenistan <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1,775</td></t<>										1,775
Tuvalu <	-		∠,006							
Uganda 304 152 156 163 159 157 Ukraine 1,268 1,358 1,405 1,329 1,225 United Arab Emirates <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
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Vanuatu	Uruguay	1,551			1,185	1,177	1,167	1,362	1,407	1,425
Vanuatu	Uzbekistan				507	579	554	594	512	501
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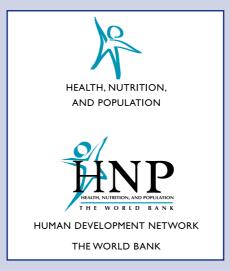
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